The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXXVI. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1913. NO. 31

PROTECT THE GERMAN NAMES.

List of Town Names Changed by Modern Innovators.

The following is reprinted from the Altoona Tribune, and undoubtedly comes from the pen of Hon. H. W. Shoemaker, owner of that paper:

Like most communities settling down to a permanent civilization Pennsylvania has shown a tendency to change the names of towns. Many of her cities were founded by German pioneers who gave them their names or those brought from the Fatherland. These names are, next to the Indian cognomens, the most distinctive in the state.

Modern innovators, many of them from other sections of the country seem to think these old names unEuphonious, and start agitations to change them. Native Pennsylvanians like the sound of the old German names and those of us who are patriotic should resent any effort to foist new names on communities. If all names were changed alike one would not mind so much, but as it is invariably the German names that suffer, it behooves enlightened Pennsylvanians to guard the heritage of pioneer days.

Near Reading was a small village called Dengler's. Innovators changed it to Mt. Penn, although there are fifty other towns and post offices named after the famous Quaker within the commonwealth. A summer resident changed the name of Shoemakerstown, near Philadelphia, to Ogontz, after an obscure Indian fisherman who lived in Ohio, although the village had been known as Shoemakerstown for two hundred years. It was within a few years as old as Philadelphia itself!

Lebanon was long known as Steitzstown, Bloomsburg as Eyersburg, Middleburg as Swinefordtown, and so on. One of the oldest towns in Central Pennsylvania was Youngmanstown, named after one of the early pioneers, who underwent hardships to settle in a wild country. Newcomers disliked the German sound of the name, and changed it over the heads of the older citizens to Mifflinburg, although there were already a Mifflin, a Mifflinville, a Mifflintown, and a Mifflin county, in the state.

Kreamersville, a quaint old village in Centre county, with a long street lined with primitive log cabins was arbitrarily changed to Smullton Muhlenburg, on the "main line," named in honor of an historic family was changed to Newton Hamilton. Stuckton, in Snyder county, named for an early settler and pioneer called Jacob Stuck, was suddenly changed to McClure. Straubstown, also in Snyder county was changed to Freeburg With such a record, few Pennsylvania German names will survive unless a determined effort is made to protect them.

Opposed to Bond Issue.

The Pennsylvania Grange News requested the opinion of the members of the legislative committee on the bond issue for road purposes. Hon. Leonard Rhone gives an expression opposing the issue of bonds for road purposes, but is not opposed to the state building roads. He thinks the funds could be raised to a better advantage in other ways than by issuing bonds. His opinion follows:

"It is not a good business proposition for any business enterprise to borrow money when it is not needed. It is better business to create resources to draw upon in case of necessity. The state has abundant resources to construct roads without borrowing the proposed $50,000,000. Real estate is now taxed on an average eighteen mills, while personal and corporate property is taxed only three and one-half mills, therefore an additional tax could be levied on personal and corporate property without imposing any greater hardship upon this class of property than is now imposed upon real estate. In this way several millions for road purposes would be raised each year without borrowing, and thus save about $3,000,000 in interest each year, which amount alone with what the state has been appropriating for roads would aggregate $5,000,000 annually for road purposes, thus the saving in interest alone would create an annual fund for road purposes of $3,000,000. Then, why issue state bonds and create a state debt which will not be paid for years and handicap the state in other needed improvement? No, refuse the bond issue and pay as we go, and save future generations from bearing our burdens."

The holding up of the state's funds by Aud. Gen. Powell has interfered in the construction of the road between Centre Hall and Spring Mills. Work on that section was suspended on Saturday, and will not be resumed until the courts pass on the contention between the state officer and the state.

MORE TROUBLE FOR CUPID.

Prospective Brides and Grooms Must Have Family History to Get Marriage Licenses.

The diffidence with which young couples approach the marriage license bureau will be vastly increased by the new law passed at the recent session of the Legislature. This eugenic product will also more severely tax the knowledge and memory of the applicants. How many of you, off hand, could fill the blank for the date and place where mother was born and where father was born? One effect of this provision will certainly be to cause much more searching inquiry into the antecedents of the prospective life partner than has been the custom, perhaps a not altogether undesirable result.

It will be easier, but possibly more upsetting, to have to answer you are an imbecile, epileptic, of unsound mind, or under guardianship as a person of unsound mind, or under the influence of any intoxicating liquor or narcotic drug at the moment of application. Yet these queries, too, may bring to mind the intoxicating qualities of love's young dream and suggest fuller reflection on the importance of the leap about to be taken. The interrogation as to transmissible disease may put a premium on perjury, but the law does not go so far as to require a physician's certificate.

Two other questions deal with the increased cost of living. One is whether either person has within five years been in a county asylum or home for indigent persons. The other is whether the husband to be is physically able to support a family. Presumptively the bride elect thinks he is, but that is not sufficient. If the license clerk is in doubt he can refuse the document. It is not, it is pointed out, a question of bank account, but of physicial ability to get out and hustle for a living for two, for according to the legislative ruling, the tradition that two can live cheaply as one has been repealed. It may be added that although the law is now in effect it cannot be enforced for a few days until the new license forms are received. This intimation ought to produce a June-like rush at the little church across the way.

Old Grove Farm Sold.

The John Grove farm, along Sinking Creek east of Centre Hill, owned by Mrs. H. A. Stover of Yeagertown, was sold by her to Foster Frazier of Tusseyville for $5500 The farm contains one hundred and sixty-two acres, thirty of which are well timbered Mr. Frazier for a number of years has lived on a farm owned by Mrs. Mary J. Swartz at Tusseyville, and has been very successful in his operations. He will take possession of his purchase next spring.

Democratic Clubs to Meet at York.

Notices have been sent from the Democratic state headquarters to the 305 Democratic clubs of the state calling a meeting of the state Federation of Democratic Clubs for September 2 at York. The federation is an adjunct of the state committee, and Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson is president and W. N. McNair, Pittsburg, secretary.

It is proposed to have several speakers of national prominence at the meetings. The club members will be the guests of the Young Men's Democratic Society while at York.

Meek in Error.

The charge made by P. Gray Meek in the Democratic Watchman that Charles R. Kurtz, surveyor of the port of Philadelphia, and editor of the Centre Democrat, upon taking the oath of office made himself a party traitor by appointing two Penrose Republicans to the best positions in his department, has been conclusively branded as false. There is no semblance of truth in the statements. The positions referred to are protected by civil service, and Mr. Kurtz had nothing whatever to do with their appointment or retention. It does appear from the records that Mr. Meek made Mr Carson, a Republican, and the man complained of, chief clerk during the time that he (Meek) was surveyor of the port of Philadelphia, and at a time when it might have been possible to appoint a Democrat.

These statements made by Mr. Meek, were they considered alone, would not be referred to in this paper, but his attitude toward the Democratic party from the local field up, and from the county chairman to Secretary Bryan, is such that it is necessary to say without reserve that much that has appeared within the past few years in the Democratic Watchman's political columns is not the truth.

John Neff, who is one of George H. Bitner's right hand men on the large farm the latter is operating in Mifflin county, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Neff near Tusseyville.

Reunion.

The reunion of the Reformed churches of the Centre Hall charge was held on Thursday of last week on Grange Park. It was a success in every way. At first it looked as though there were not going to be very many in attendance, but by the time dinner was ready there was quite a good representation present. It was an ideal day for a picnic, and the place, Grange Park, can not be beat. Here we have good water, ample buildings, shade trees, a slight elevation, all in all an ideal ground for a picnic.

During the forenoon the men were busy carrying folding tables under the shade tree which the good wife selected. Never in your life did you see more obedient men, they evidently were well trained. Some of the families made use of the accomodations in the exhibition building, and spread their tables there. But no matter where the table was spread, it was bountifully supplied with food. Several families went together to form a group, which added to the social feature of the occasion.

The committee consisting of Dr. H. F. Bitner, Robert Glasgow, Chas. A. Krape, and J. W. Foreman, together with the pastor, had invited as the guests of the charge the ministers of Centre Hall and their families. Hosts and guests seemed to vie with each other to make the time pass pleasantly. Rev. S. H. Dietzel, Ph. D., a child of this charge, was also one of the guests of honor.

The speaker of the day, The Rev. F. K. Heinrichsohn, Hunan, China, through some misunderstanding failed to reach Centre Hall on time, and arrived on the last train in the afternoon. He gave a most excellent missionary address, and all regretted that he was so pressed for time. This address alone was well worth the whole trouble and expense of the picnic.

From the encouraging outlook and kind words spoken in favor of the reunion, it is likely that this will be an annual feature of the Reformed church.

Two Overcome with Heat.

The torrid heat of Wednesday and Thursday of last week laid out two in Centre Hall. Roy Puff, while assisting T. L. Smith in putting on an iron roof on the barn of Benner Walker, went into a heap from the effects of the sun, and it was with difficulty that he was resuscitated. The other man to feel the effects of Old Sol was J. Wes Whiteman, the railroad section hand, and he, while being able to make his way home unassisted, lost his faculty of speech for some time.

Deaths of Centre Countians.

Ira F. Davis at Julian, aged seventy-eight years.

W. E. Martin, at State College, from tuberculosis, aged twenty years.

Mrs. Mary Kelley, wife of John Kelley, at Valley View, aged fifty-six years.

Lawrence J. Bathurst, formerly a resident at Curtin, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. D. W. Verner in Altoona, aged eighty-three years.

"Susquehanna Legends."

"Susquehanna Legends" is the title of the latest book published by Hon. Henry W. Shoemaker, who is now on his wedding tour in Europe. This is one of a half dozen books published by this author, and there are more to follow as was intimated in these columns a few weeks ago. This last volume contains almost four hundred pages, devoted to twenty-one legendary stories, having their settings in Central Pennsylvania. There are also a number of illustrations.

In his introductory, Mr. Shoemaker refers in this way to Central Pennsylvania: A word regarding Central Pennsylvania itself. There is no lovelier land that tradition or folk-lore could associate itself. The most beautiful streams and rivers rise in its midst; impressive peaked and castellated mountains, the grandest forests cover much of its area; its farms are fertile, its climate extraordinarily good, its people sprightly, clever, good hearted, the best product of a mixed stock. Charming novels have already been woven about it from the facile pens of Prof. E. S. Pattee, Nelson Lloyd, and J. P. Mowbray. The region has produced one poet of the first magnitude in James H. Campbell, an able philosopher in the late Jacob K. Huff.

These legends will be found interesting and instructive to both young and old. The history of one's locality cannot be reckoned without legends as recorded in Mr. Shoemaker's several books.

Warren Wood, who went from the Wood House at Spring Mills to Jersey Shore and engaged in the hotel business in that place, is now located in New York City and is conducting a hotel there.

MILESBURG SOUNDLY TROUNCED.

Centre Hall Scores 16 to 4 Victory—Heavy Hitting and Good Fielding by the Locals.

The Centre Hall baseball team scored its most decisive victory of the season Thursday of last week, on the occasion of the Reformed Sunday-school picnic on Grange Park. Milesburg held the short end of the 16 to 4 swatfest, in which the locals did the swatting.

When the visiting club took the field with Haffer, the crack Bellefonte high school pitcher in the box, a battle royal was looked for, and for the first three innings it appeared as though the home team had met the best combination of ball tossers of the season. Their erstwhile silent bats began to speak in the opening of the fourth and continued to speak and finally shout so loud that Haffer took a more distant position from the deafening roar. He turned the job over to Woodring, but Centre Hall had begun and there was no break in their attack throughout the remainder of the game. Every inning from the third the home plate was spiked by one or more of the locals, and the fifth inning cinched the game for all time when seven runs were scored by a combination of errors and terrific clouting. No less than fourteen safe swats were made off the delivery of the Milesburg twirlers, while Bradford held the opponents to seven widely scattered bingles, only one of which was good for an extra base.

Centre Hall played their best game of the year; only two errors were scored against them and these figured only lightly in the run getting. Opposed to this air-tight fielding was thirteen openings in the Milesburg machine which was sadly in need of repair before the close of the game. If the battery partners may be compared with the engine and the fielders with the tires, then it is true that a combination of engine and tire trouble will put any machine to the bad.

It was simply an off day for Milesburg, for they are capable of presenting a better exposition of the national game, and on other occasions have fallen before the attack of the home team in which there was no disgrace in the defeat.

To the bevy of girls on the side lines much credit is due for the victory. Their hearty cheering on the occasion of every good effort kept the home boys playing top notch ball all the time.

The following box score gives the details of the game:

CENTRE HALL	R	H	O	A	E
Bailey, 2b	3	1	3	2	0
Bradford, P., 3b	3	1	2	3	1
Allison, 1b	1	2	9	1	0
Bradford, p	1	2	1	2	0
Knarr, ss	1	2	3	3	0
Garis, c	1	0	9	3	0
Emerick, cf	3	3	0	0	1
Kerlin, lf	1	2	0	0	0
Auman, rf	2	1	0	0	0
Totals	16	14	27	14	2

MILESBURG	R	H	O	A	E
Woodring, 1b	0	0	11	0	1
Sechler, 2b	0	1	2	1	1
Malin, ss	1	1	1	3	3
Smith, c	1	1	6	1	1
Hauck, rf	0	0	0	1	1
Clark, 3b	1	1	0	2	3
Hugg, lf	0	1	1	0	1
Miles, cf	0	0	0	0	0
Haffer, p	0	1	3	3	1
Smith, C., ss	1	1	0	0	1
Totals	4	7	24	11	13

Two base hits, Kerlin 2, P. Bradford, W. Bradford, C. Smith. Stolen bases, Auman 2, Knarr 1, Bradford 2, Bailey 2, Smith 1, Sechler 1. Struck out by Bradford 7, Allison 2, Haffer 2, Umpires, Garis and Royer.

THE SCORE BY INNINGS.

Milesburg —0 1 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 — 4
Centre Hall —0 0 1 4 7 1 1 2 x — 16

Farms in Demand.

Farms are very much in demand, especially about Centre Hall. The passing of a number of farms, formerly rented, into the hands of parties who will till them themselves is partially responsible for this condition. John A. Heckman, D. L. Bartges, and John D. Moore will retire from active farm life, if current reports are to be believed, and it is probable that the three will move to Centre Hall, provided they can secure properties suited to their tastes. Charles Burris, on the J. T. Potter farm and Milton Kline on the Bible farm are looking up farms because of sales made. Charles M. Ross on the Mary Potter farm will be succeeded by Mr. Ralston, who is now farming for W. E. Tate. S. E. Sharer will move from the Geiss farm to that of D. K. Keller, and Maynard Meeker of Potters Mills will become the tenant on the Dr. Leib farm. The Lingle farm will be tilled by its new owner, John Treaster, the Bible farm by Mr. Smith of State College, who purchased it recently, and the Potter farm by its new owner.

Lose-Royer.

A quiet little wedding took place at the Lutheran parsonage at Centre Hall on Saturday afternoon, July 26th, when Rev. Fred W. Barry performed the ceremony which united in marriage James L. Lose and Miss Susannah Royer, both of Bellefonte.

The Sugar Valley campmeeting will

LETTERS FROM SUBSCRIBERS.

Miss Kate Alexander Attended International C. E. Convention.

Editor of the Reporter:

At the close of the greatest Christian Endeavor Convention ever held, Secretary Shaw requested that every one present take a copy of the enclosed circular and send it to their home paper. I asked him if I might write and say this has been the greatest convention of its kind ever held. His reply was, "That is just what we want you to write." This is the second international convention it has been my privilege to attend. You cannot imagine the inspiration and uplift one receives until you have been to one of them. Was much gratified to learn that the Old Keystone State has the largest number of Christian Endeavor Societies of any state in the Union. Am very loyal to my native state, but not to her cold winters. I am also equally proud of my adopted state, and can sing with the poet, "I love your California."

Yours very truly,
KATE ALEXANDER.
Los Angeles, California.

Sunday as an Economic Holiday.

A new law of Wisconsin, adopted recently by the Legislature, provides that one day in seven be recognized as a day of rest, not from the religious point of view, but as necessary to the health and comfort of employed persons. It applies to all who employ seven or more persons.

It was inevitable that Sunday should at some time be taken out of its exclusive religious atmosphere and made an economic holiday. This does not mean any waning of church influence; on the contrary, it is the highest possible tribute to the churches for the long fight they have made for Sunday. They have proven that the human race gains in productivity and in the quality of its work by resting one day in seven. That fact is now established in the practical economics of the country.

It means a great difference to thousands, for in spite of the growth of the day of rest and the Saturday half-holiday, there are literally hundreds of thousands who work seven days a week. The final application of such a law as Wisconsin has passed will mean much readjustment.

State's Appropriation.

Last November at the Pennsylvania day celebration Governor Tener stated in the Auditorium that the Pennsylvania State College should have the first consideration of the educational institutions in the state, and that any sums remaining thereafter would be given to other institutions that have been receiving state aid. He certainly made good his statement when he approved last week the appropriation bill for the college in the sum of $1,226,000. The money is divided as follows: For the school of agriculture, $275,000; for all the other schools, $530,000; for extension work, $20,000; for tobacco experiments, $6,000; for the sewage disposal plant, $20,000; and for buildings, $375,000.

Will Move Barn.

D. Geiss Wagner purchased a barn 40x60 feet from Mr. Weaver, along the north side of Brush Mountain below Penns Cave, and will take it down and reconstruct it on the foundation of the barn recently burned. The timbers are said to be in good condition, and the dimensions are the same as the foundation walls, all of which Mr. Wagner thinks will cheapen construction. The walls were damaged but little, and with slight repairing the foundation can be put into shape to receive the structure.

Transfer of Real Estate.

John Shank et ux to Mary Haupt, tract of land in Bellefonte. $1000.

George M. Marks to Hannah Cowher, tract of land in Worth twp. $50.

Harry Keller, assignee, to Helen Tipton, tract of land in Curtin twp. $2400.

Sophia Hale to Theodore Humphrey, tract of land in Philipsburg. $145.

Thomas A. Shoemaker et ux to Bellefonte Automobile Mfg. Co., tract of land in Bellefonte. $3500.

John P. Harris, trustee to Bellefonte Automobile Mfg. Co., tract of land in Bellefonte. $1000.

Milton S. Kistler et ux to S. K. Hostetter, 5 tracts of land in State College. $1.

John G. Confer et al to J. F. Houdeshell, tract of land in Snow Shoe twp. $400.

S. P. Gray et ux to W. R. Grazier, tract of land in Ferguson twp. $5000.

Amos Garbrick to Spring Twp. School Board, tract of land in Spring twp. $25.

A freight car partially loaded with hay was bumped off the track as it was being shifted at the Centre Hall

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Miss Viola Sharer visited among friends in and about Lock Haven for a week or more.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Weaver in Centre Hall the latter part of last week.

Calvin H. Horner is again back at his restaurant in Altoona, and reports doing a good business.

The following unclaimed letters remain in the Centre Hall postoffice: Miss Helen Poorman, Mr. Hughes Hayes, Mr. J. B. Vance.

George Boozer is back from Chicago, Illinois, where he was sight seeing for several weeks, stopping with his brother, Ralph Boozer, an electrician.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas L. Smith and little daughter Louise went to State College on Friday morning, Mr. Smith having a few days work in that busy centre.

W. A. Magee came up from Philadelphia on Saturday and remained until Tuesday, and while here was at the Huyett home to which place his wife had come several weeks previous.

After a few days vacation which was spent at the home of his parents in Centre Hall, Bruce Rowe returned to Philadelphia, on Monday morning, where he has been employed for several years.

Harry W. Potter, after a few weeks visit to the home of his parents in Centre Hall, returned to the state of Washington again, where he holds a position with a large lumbering firm with headquarters at Edmonds.

Barber F. P. Geary built a neat row boat which will be put on Boozer's pond above town, and will afford a bit of sport. The boat is well proportioned and well made, and is a credit to the mechanical ability of its owner.

Sheriff A. B. Lee and brother-in-law, Foster Frazier, the latter of Tusseyville, made a business trip to Yeagertown last Friday to close a deal with Mrs. H. A. Stover for a farm, reference to which sale is made in this issue.

Mrs. J. Emory Hoy of Philadelphia is at the home of her mother Mrs. W. B. Mingle in Centre Hall. Of course, these visits to the old home are looked forward to with great pleasure although her interests are very much centered in the City of Brotherly Love.

Centre Hall needs more builders of homes. Almost every house and lot on the market has been picked up by parties wishing to move here, and the demand is not supplied. The Geiss home was offered for sale by the Misses Geiss of Philadelphia, but recently they wrote to their representative here that the offer to sell had been with drawn.

Attorney A. A. Dale, while walking on a side walk in Bellefonte, stepped on a dog's tail, and the yelp the cur gave out frightened him, and in his effort to get out of the dog's way fell on the stone pavement with sufficient force to break one of his knee caps. He is in the Bellefonte hospital now, and it will require considerable time until he will be able to locomote in the good old way.

Oats are being cut this week. An occasional field was cut last week, and is already housed, but the harvesting of the crop is now general. Not in many years has the oats been as good a crop as this season. The straw is of good length and the heads well filled. Farmers are very anxious to have good weather to harvest it, as it is one of the most difficult crops to handle in wet weather grown on the farm.

R. W. Mensch of Aaronsburg is foreman, under Superintendent J. Russell Gephart, of a gang of men on the state road between Penn Hall and Woodward. Mr. Mensch will see to the removal of all breakers in his division and all obstructions and ruts. Some sections of the road are in very bad condition, caused by the recent heavy rains, and now that the state has men at work to make needed repairs the road will be again put in at least a fair shape and kept in repair until the entire road will have been rebuilt.

Grange Park is being put in condition for the approaching encampment and fair which will open September 13th and close the 19th. Additions will be made to several of the permanent exhibit buildings, a larger number of tents will be erected than heretofore, the garbage will be better taken care of, and four state troopers will be on the ground. Many requests have already been received for tents and exhibition space. The Sunday services are being arranged for by Dr. H. W. Schuyler. Considering this early date, arrangements for the various features of the great encampment and fair are much nearer completion than

POWELL TO PAY STATE FUNDS

Will Disburse Usual Expenses of Departments

DECISION OF CONFERENCE

Again Assured by Deputy Attorneys General and Governor He's Safe—Embargo Was Disarranging Public Business—Distress Felt.

(Special Harrisburg Correspondence.)

Harrisburg.—After a short talk with Governor Tener and a conference later with State Treasurer Young, it was decided by Auditor General Powell to lift the embargo of payments of appropriations, the validity of which in the general appropriations bill as ordinary expenses he had questioned.

This decision was arrived at during an extended conference, at which were present Governor Tener, Auditor General Powell and Deputy Rogers, State Treasurer Young and Cashier Crichton and Deputy Attorneys General Cunningham, Hargest and Trinkle.

The Deputy Attorneys General renewed their assurance, previously given in writing, that the Auditor General would be perfectly within the Constitution in paying the items.

It was represented to Powell that his action in holding up payments, after being assured that he was protected by the Constitution, was seriously disarranging the affairs of the State government and that some of the departments were in distress, having no money with which to tide over the day's work.

Powell considered the matter and then said he would begin the payment of "usual expenses" of the held-up departments, but he and the State Treasurer would reserve the right to hold up a voucher from some department if they did not consider it a proper one for payment, and thus get the matter into Court through an amicable case stated and have the questions involved adjusted by the highest court. That seemed to be satisfactory all around.

After the conference Powell made the following statement:—

Auditor General's Statement.

"Mutual amity and accord as to the course taken, and which will be taken as to any specific items which might later be questioned characterized the conference. The State Treasurer and I stated our purpose had been to secure the protection of an opinion and the Attorney General's department felt that the opinion rendered would protect us temporarily in the payment of the payments in question."

Payment of the usual expenses of the departments will be made as heretofore, and at once, with the understanding that some other items will not be paid when vouchers are presented. In this way the question will be taken into Court and the matter finally settled.

Just from what department he will select the voucher to start the legal test Powell said he did not know at present, but one would appear in due time.

His announcements means that he will begin payment of money to the Departments of Health, Highways, State Police, Fire Marshal, Insurance, Agriculture and a few minor departments that have felt the hold-up and were languishing for funds.

The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings completed the payments for the contract for paintings for the Capitol by Edwin A. Abbey. The final payment was $10,831.50, representing the canvas just placed in the House and balances for all work.

It appears from an official description of the painting that the figure of the man reading the Declaration is that of John Nixon. Nixon was a resident of Chester county and held a local office, being selected for the reading because of his fine voice and presence. He was not a signer of the Declaration. This clears up a question which has been much disputed and the guides will now be able to tell people just who is the central figure. State Librarian Thomas Lynch Montgomery, who has studied the times of the Declaration, says that the reading took place from the balcony of the observatory built beside the Independence Hall, then the State House, for the Rittenhouse experiments and observations, especially the transit of Venus in 1769. This observatory was not located as shown in the painting, but one hundred years from now no one is likely to know the difference. One thing the great master painter left out was the group of members of the Congress who surrounded the reader. The reader stands severely alone with the congressmen standing at the doorways and at the windows watching the effect upon the crowd.

Blight Fighters' Property.

Pennsylvania's Chestnut Blight Commission, put out of business by the Governor's veto of its appropriation for $100,000, which the officers considered too small to allow it to do adequate work, has left a choice lot of vehicles, equipment and office furniture on the hands of Father Penn. To the surprise of the attaches of the Capitol, about a carload of property arrived at the basement and Captain A. M. Porter, the general storekeeper, is wondering what to do with it, his department being already crowded.

MR. CASTRO STIRS UP VENEZUELA

Enters the Country at Head of Armed Force.

GOMEZ IS MADE DICTATOR.

Cruiser Des Moines Ordered To Laguayra To Be Ready To Look After American Interests.

Washington.—News of the appearance in Venezuela of ex-President Cipriano Castro, after his five years of exile, created something of a sensation at the State Department.

For the past five years the department has been keeping Castro under surveilance to prevent him from returning to Venezuela, which country has been enjoying a period of unwonted prosperity and quiet since his retirement.

Department officials still supposed the exile was living quietly in the Canary Islands until a cablegram came announcing his re-entrance into the country of his birth, at the head of an armed force, while various uprisings in his behalf were reported from different points in Venezuela. He was said to be at Coro.

From the legation at Caracas the State Department was informed of uprisings in the State of Tachira, at Coro and Masuro. Telegraphic communication between the capital and the disturbed points was interrupted, but the Venezuelan Foreign Office claimed that the revolutionists had been defeated by state troops at all points. The President had been granted dictatorial powers, it was said, and men were being imprisoned for military service.

The United States government is represented in Venezuela at present only by a legation clerk, Richard J. Biggs. Minister Northcrott has resigned and quitted his post, and Secretary Caffery is now in Washington attached to the Latin-American Bureau. It was announced that a secretary would be rushed to Caracas immediately, to be followed by a regularly accredited minister as soon as one could be appointed and confirmed.

The State Department called upon the Navy Department for a warship to look after American interests in Venezuelan waters and the cruiser Des Moines, now at Brunswick, Ga., was ordered to make the cruise. It is calculated that the gunboat can make the run to La Guayra, the nearest point to Caracas, in about six days.

MARVIN WEATHER CHIEF.

Head Of Instrument Division To Succeed Moore.

Washington. — President Wilson made these nominations:

Chief of the Weather Bureau—Prof. Charles F. Marvin.

Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of New Jersey—Bernard M. Gannon.

Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of Texas—Alexander Stuart Walker.

United States Attorney Eastern District of Arkansas—William H. Martin.

Professor Marvin will succeed Willis L. Moore, recently removed. Professor Marvin is now chief of the instrument division. He was appointed to the old signal service in 1884 from Ohio.

NEWSPAPER WINS SUIT.

Court Decides Publishers Have a Right To Decline Advertising.

St. Paul, Minn.—That newspapers have a right to decline advertising when they deem it objectionable, even if it is submitted to them under a yearly contract, is the effect of a decision handed down in the District Court here. The case came up when a local department store was sued by a newspaper to recover money due under a yearly contract which the store management had declared void because certain portions of its advertising copy had been rejected by the paper.

SUFFRAGETTE GETS 9 MONTHS.

Set Fire To British Residence, Causing Damage Put At $100,000.

Liverpool.—Mrs. Edith Rigby, a well-known suffragette, was sentenced to nine months' hard labor for setting fire to the country residence of Sir William H. Lever, at Rivington, Lancashire, on July 8 and causing damage estimated at $100,000. The prisoner is the wife of a prominent physician. She admitted her guilt and also confessed to a bomb outrage in the Liverpool Cotton Exchange on July 5.

AIRSHIP BOMBS MISS SHIP.

Mexican Gunboat Not Hurt By French Aeronaut.

Guaymas, Mex.—It develops that Didier Masson, who attempted to destroy the Mexican gunboat Tampica in this harbor Sunday by dropping bombs from his big biplane, did not succeed, as was reported. Four bombs were dropped, one striking within a few feet of the gunboat. This probably gave rise to the report that the boat had been struck.

JUST ABOUT THE LIMIT

(Copyright.)

STUPENDOUS TASK FOR COMMISSION

Physical Valuation of Railroads Big Cost.

PLANS GIVEN TO CONGRESS.

Officers Of Interstate Commerce Commission Estimate It Will Take From Five To Seven Years.

Washington.—Physical valuation of the railroads of the United States by the Interstate Commerce Commission will take from five to seven years by a specially organized corps of men, and will cost the government from $10,000,000 to $15,000,000 or more, according to plans of the commission presented to the House Appropriations Committee. The commission has asked for an immediate appropriation of $1,500,000 for the organization of the corps of engineers necessary to undertake the work.

Commissioners Clements and Prouty, and Secretary George B. McGinty, of the commission have told the House appropriations sub-committee that a carefully worked out estimate places the cost of the field work at $1,921,500 a year throughout that period.

The plan presented by Mr. McGinty contemplates the division of the country into five districts containing approximately 50,000 miles of railroad each.

Mr. McGinty has explained to the committee that the estimated cost per year of each of these district organizations with their groups of field squads would be about $384,300, or a total per year for the five districts of nearly two million dollars. In addition to this he estimated that the accounting feature of the work would cast about $350,000 a year, and that the maintenance of a valuation office in Washington would cost probably $150,000 a year.

Although the committee was skeptical Mr. McGinty was confident that the commission would be able to get the field force organized through the civil service commission by the first of next year, to take care of the first year's work. It was for this purpose, he said, that the commission needed $1,500,000.

Mr. McGinty mentioned cases where it cost from $3 to $75 a mile to ascertain the value of railroads.

"In all of these cases only the reproduction value of the road was ascertained," he continued, "whereas we are required to ascertain the reproduction value, the depreciated value and, in addition, to work out the history of the roads and ascertain the amount of money invested in their original construction. The total cost to the government will probably exceed $50 a mile or a total cost of from $10,000,000 to $15,000,000, but, of course, this is only a guess.

WHITE HOUSE ELMS GO.

Historic Trees Blown Over By the Storm Will Not Be Reset.

Washington.—The historic old elm trees in the White House grounds which were blown over in the recent storm, will not be reset. Instead, younger trees will be planted in their places. This was decided after a careful inspection of the damage by F. F. Gelian, superintendent of public buildings and grounds, and nurserymen. It was found the fallen trees were too old for replanting.

NOT TO CUT BURLESON'S POWER.

But There Will Be No More Immediate Parcel Post Changes.

Washington.—Upon assurance by Postmaster-General Burleson that he would not further change parcel post regulations until present rates can be more thoroughly tested, the Senate Postoffice Committee indefinitely postponed action on Senator Bryan's resolution to annuel the Postmaster-General's power to change rates and sizes of mailable parcel post packages.

SUFFRAGE THRONG GLADLY WELCOMED

Women Present Mammoth Petitions For Right to Vote.

HEAR SPEECH AGAINST CAUSE

Assemble In Maryland Town For Spectacular March On Washington—Members Of Congress With Them.

Washington.—A lively scene ensued in the Senate chamber during the woman suffragist demonstration when Senator Thornton, of Louisiana, in a stirring speech opposed the movement.

The galleries were filled to their capacity. Most of the spectators were visiting delegates, some of whom had journeyed across the continent and had taken part in the automobile parade from Hyattsville. Grouped together in one corner of the gallery were a number of anti-suffragists, and upon the conclusion of Senator Thornton's address these women tendered their champion an ovation that fairly shook the chamber.

The dignity of the Senate had been badly shocked and the President rapped vigorously on his desk and made it plain that another outbreak of such a nature would mean the clearing of the galleries.

If the spirits of the women favoring equal rights were ruffled in the least by the speech of Senator Thornton, they soon regained their enthusiasm because of the complimentary things said about them and their cause by Senators who followed.

Senator Sherman's speech was regarded as one of the most eloquent and forceful ever delivered on the Senate floor in behalf of the rights of women to vote. Not long ago Illinois, which Senator Sherman represents, adopted a law granting to women the privilege of voting. True, it permits women to vote only for certain officers, but all over the country it was hailed as a magnificent victory for the cause.

Senator Owen declared that the two parties could not afford to insult the more than 3,000,000 women who now vote by ignoring the petitions that were presented to the Senate.

"I do not understand how any man in the presence of God can deny the reasons for woman suffrage," he said. "You well know, as students of history and students of statecraft, that the ballot is the right protective of every other right, and, knowing this, how will you deny women equal opportunities to earn equal wages for equal labor?"

Other Senators who spoke in favor of woman suffrage were: Clapp, of Minnesota; Works, California; Ashurst, Arizona; Smoot, Utah; Lane, Oregon; Poindexter and Jones, Washington, and Thomas, of Colorado.

WOMEN CAST DECIDING VOTES.

They Carry Propositions In Two Illinois Towns.

Chicago.—Women cast the deciding ballots in two elections in Illinois. At Champagne 120 women voted for the first time and carried a proposition to issue bonds for the purchase of motor fire apparatus. At Dixon, women cast one-fourth of the ballots and as most of them were in favor of extending the water works franchise 20 years, they are considered responsible for the adoption of that proposition by a small majority.

ONE KILLED IN WRECK.

Many Injured When Pennsylvania Passenger Trains Collide.

Altoona, Pa.—Westbound passenger train No. 13, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, crashed into the rear of westbound train No. 15 at Tyrone station and Engineer Funk, of train No. 13, was killed and twoscore of passengers injured, many of them seriously. The injured were removed to hospitals and private residences as fast as possible after the frash.

THREE KILLED MANY INJURED

Cyclone Strikes Washington Doing Much Damage.

PROPERTY LOSS $150,000.

Wind, Rain and Hail Temporarily Paralyses Every Activity—Temperature Drops Nearly 40 Degrees—Landmarks Destroyed.

Washington.—With all the fury of a giant flail a cyclone storm of wind, rain and hail whipped back and forth across the nation's capital, leaving death and ruin in its wake. Three dead, scores injured and hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of property ruined were the toll recorded in the hurried canvass made when the city aroused itself from half an hour of helplessness in the grasp of the elements.

Out of a blazing sky, under which the city was sweltering with the temperature at the 100 point, came the storm, roaring from the north, driving a mass of clouds that cast a mantle of total darkness over the town. The gale, reaching a velocity of nearly 70 miles an hour, swept the streets clear, unroofed houses, tore detached small structures from their foundations, wrecked one office building, overturned wagons and carriages in the streets and swept Washington's hundred parks, tearing huge branches from trees and even uprooting sturdy old elms, the landmarks of a century.

As the wind wreaked its havoc, the rain came, and in five minutes the temperature from the 100 mark dropped to between 60 and 70. Then the rain turned to hail, and hailstones battered on roofs, and crashed through skylights and windows.

The wind wrecked a three-story brick office building occupied by the B. S. Saul Co., real estate dealers, and 15 persons were carried down in the crash. W. E. Hilton, vice-president of the real estate company; Thomas B. Fealty, 60 years old, a clerk, and an unidentified man, who entered the building to try to rescue those caught in the wreck were taken from the ruins dead. Half a dozen were taken to hospitals seriously injured, and half a dozen more were treated for slight injuries.

KILLED SAVING TWO SISTERS.

Four-Year-Old Boy Struck By Train At Morgantown.

Morgantown, W. Va.—Train No. 4, on the local branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, known as the Pittsburgh Flyer, struck and killed James Deneen, 4 years old, at Coultersville Station. The lad and his two sisters were playing on the track and the boy attempted to remove his sisters from danger.

Just as he was carrying his second sister from the track he stumbled and fell. He was struck by the pilot of the locomotive and hurled 60 feet.

FOURTH TRIAL ORDERED.

Dr. Hyde Is Accused Of Murdering Colonel Swope.

Kansas City, Mo.—The Jackson County Court decided to pay the $8,000 in extra bills contracted by the prosecuting attorney in the last trial of Dr. B. Clark Hyde, accused of the murder of Col. Thomas H. Swope, millionaire philanthropist. As a result Dr. Hyde will be brought to trial for the fourth time on September 8 next. If the bills had not been paid it would have been impossible for the State to bring its experts and witnesses here for the next trial.

SIX-YEAR-OLD MURDERER.

Young Lad Confesses To Shooting Five-Year-Old Playmate.

Chicago. — Genaro Raffaello, six years old, was taken into custody by the police and confessed that he shot and mortally wounded James Paulillo, five years old, in the rear yard of 702 South Morgan street. The boy said he shot the victim because the latter struck him on the head with a stone a week ago. The police were skeptical until the Raffaello boy demonstrated with an air rifle how he had inflicted the wound.

NEGROES LOSE IN OKLAHOMA.

Grandfather Clause, Disfranchising Them, Upheld By Court.

Oklahoma City, Okla. — The Supreme Court affirmed the grandfather clause amendment to the State Constitution, which disfranchises the negro under certain conditions. Notice of an appeal to the United States Supreme Court has been given.

STATE VERSUS COUNTRY.

Senator Thornton Raises Old Issue In Sugar Debate.

Washington.—Declaring that in the crisis faced by the people of Louisiana because their sugar is to be placed upon the free list, national fealty must give way to State fealty, as in the days of the Civil War, Senator Thornton, of Louisiana, told his Democratic colleagues in a speech in the Senate that he could not vote for the bill.

DROVE OFF WITH STOLEN MULE

Man Who Took Him Learned Woefully of His Mistake

THE BEAST MADE TROUBLE

Owner of the Quadruped Lodged Complaint with the Police—Trespasser Required to Spend Time in Hospital and Jail.

Danville.—Just because it "fitted his stable," Calvin Neyhart, of Bloomsburg, drove off with another man's mule here, and got into more varieties of trouble as a result, than he had ever before dreamed existed. In the first place the mule made trouble. That was the worst.

Of course the owner of the mule was nasty, and the police lodged Calvin behind the bars. But that mule! The next time Calvin purloins livestock, he will confine himself to rabbits.

Charles Steffin, of Rush township, the owner, drove to town with the mule and left him on the curb while he was attending to business. Neyhart happened along and climbed into the wagon.

When Steffin discovered his loss he hunted up the police. That's the one thing Neyhart can't understand. As he now sees it, he was doing Steffin a big service, for—. Well, Neyhart tried to whip the mule a mile out of Danville, on a country road.

The mule stopped right there and was in the same spot when the police, pursuing in an auto arrived. Neyhart, black and blue, muddy, weary and disgusted lay some yards away. He is now as much in the hospital as in jail.

Table Yields Secret $200.

Bristol.—Because a table was too big to get through the door at the sale of the household effects of Joseph Hall, who committed suicide, it was taken apart, when a roll of bills totaling $200 dropped out. The find was made by William Hall, a son. Nobody had any idea that there was any concealed money about the house, and the find threw the sale into excitement, besides spurring the subsequent bidding.

Auto's Bump Kills Child.

South Bethlehem.—While crossing the street at the Excelsior School Building, Fourth street, Jessie Griffin, the little adopted daughter of Patrolman John H. Griffin, was struck by an automobile and died in St. Luke's Hospital. The auto was occupied by Samuel Rowland, of Schuylkill Haven, and Superintendent of Public Schools of Bethlehem, S. Sampson.

Wig Kills Worker in Sun.

Mifflin.—The fact that he wore a wig to supply nature's shortcomings was responsible for the death of O. B. Swarner, 32 years old, here. Swarner was employed as a section laborer on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and it is believed that, working ten hours in a stooped position in a sun registering 116 degrees, the heavy artificial covering of hair caused the veins to burst in his head.

Bolt Kills Him on Grave.

Clifton Heights.—Lightning killed Patrick Toomey, 47 years old, on a grave in Holy Cross Cemetery. Toomey was filling the grave after a burial had taken place, when a bolt descended out of the storm and struck his shovel. Persons not far away saw the man drop and ran up. They found him dead. One shoe was torn off, but there were no marks on the body.

Guarding Others Is Killed.

Allentown.—Told to stand at the bottom of an arch and keep people from danger at the new half million Lehigh Valley bridge, Robert J. Black, a rigger, was struck my a falling scantling and died ten minutes afterward. It is believed he is the son of a rich brass founder in New York city, there being considerable mystery about him.

Car's Leap Cracks Skull.

Reading.—Jumping the track, a trolley car on the Reading Transit Company's Cotton street line crashed into an excavation for a water main where employes of the Water Department were at work, and fatally fractured the skulls of Matthew J. Tulley, workman, and Leir Kems, foreman. Kems died at the hospital and Tully is gradually sinking.

To Build Modern Theatre.

Tamaqua.—Chris. Peterson, representing Fred G. Nixon, Nirdlinger, of Philadelphia, for $50,000, purchased the United States Hotel property, on West Broad street, upon which a modern theatre will be erected.

Whole Town To Be Sold.

Sunbury.—Pixinos, a town of 200 inhabitants owned by J. Warner Mifflin, a brick manufacturer, is to be sold under the hammer in two weeks by E. M. Leader, of Shamokin, appointed assignee by the Northumberland county court. Only two properties in the town are not owned by Mifflin. Bankruptcy, the result of unsuccessful contracts, is the cause of the sale. The entire town was staked out by engineers and an effort will be made to sell the town as a whole. Otherwise individual sales will be made.

SECRET SERVICE

BEING THE HAPPENINGS OF A NIGHT IN RICHMOND IN THE SPRING OF 1865

THE PLAY BY WILLIAM GILLETTE;

BY CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY

ILLUSTRATIONS BY EDGAR BERT SMITH

COPYRIGHT 1912 BY DODD, MEAD AND COMPANY

SYNOPSIS.

Mrs. Varney, wife of a Confederate general, has lost one son and another is dying from wounds. She reluctantly gives her consent for Wilfred, the youngest, to join the army if his father consents. The federals are making their last assault in an effort to capture Richmond. Edith Varney secures from President Davis a commission for Capt. Thorne, who is just recovering from wounds, as chief of the telegraph at Richmond. Capt. Thorne tells Edith he has been ordered away. She declares he must not go and tells him of the commission from the president. He is strangely agitated and declares he cannot accept. Thorne decides to escape while Edith leaves the room to get the commission, but is prevented by the arrival of Caroline Mitford, Wilfred's sweetheart. Mr. Arrelsford of the Confederate secret service, a rejected suitor of Edith's, detects Jonas, Mrs. Varney's butler, carrying a note from a prisoner in Libby prison. Arrelsford suspects it is intended for Thorne. The note reads: "Attack tonight. Plan 3. Use Telegraph." Arrelsford declares Thorne is Lewis Dumont of the Federal secret service and that his brother Henry is a prisoner in Libby.

CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

"His character! Where did he come from—what is he?"

"For that matter," said Edith intensely, "where did you come from, and what are you?"

"That is not the question," was the abrupt reply.

"Neither," said the girl, "is it the question who he is. If it were, I'd answer it—I'd tell you that he is a soldier who has fought and been wounded in the service, while you—"

Arrelsford made a violent effort to control himself under this bitter jibing and goading, and to his credit succeeded in part.

"We are not so sure of that, Miss Varney," he said more coolly.

"But I am sure," answered the girl. "Why, he brought us letters from Stonewall Jackson himself."

"Has it occurred to you that General Jackson was dead before his letters were presented?" asked Arrelsford quickly.

"What does that signify if he wrote them before he was killed?"

"Nothing certainly," assented the other, "if he wrote them."

"The signatures and the letters were verified."

"They may have been written for some one else and this Thorne may have possessed himself of them by fraud, or—"

"Mr. Arrelsford," cried the girl, more and more angry, "if you mean—"

"My dear child," said Mrs. Varney, "you don't understand. They have proofs of a conspiracy. The Yankees are going to try to break through our lines tonight, some one is going to use the telegraph, and two men in the northern secret service have been sent here to do this work. One is in Libby prison. Our faithful Jonas has been corrupted. He went there today and took a message from one and brought it here to deliver to the other. They are trying to make him speak

"Where Did You Come From, and What Are You?"

out there to tell who— Our country, our cause, is at stake."

"Is this Mr. Arrelsford's story?" asked the daughter stubbornly, apparently entirely unconvinced.

"No; these are facts. We had Jonas in here," answered her mother; "caught him off his guard, and found the incriminating paper on him."

"But he has not said it was for—" persisted Edith desperately.

"Not yet," whispered Mr. Arrelsford, "but he will. You may be sure of that; we have means to—Oh, Corporal," he broke off eagerly, looking toward the door where the corporal stood, his hand at salute. "Well, speak out, what does he say?"

"Nothing, sir."

"What have you done with him?"

"Strung him up three times, and—"

"Well, string him up again," snarled Arrelsford. "If he won't speak, shoot it out of him, kill the dog. We don't need his evidence anyway, there's enough without it."

"There is nothing," said Edith tersely.

"By midnight," answered Arrelsford, "you shall have all the proof—"

"There is no proof to have," persisted the girl.

"I will show it to you at the telegraph office, if you dare to go with me."

"Dare! I will go anywhere, even with you, for that—"

"I will call for you in half an hour, then," said Arrelsford, going toward the door.

"Wait," interrupted Edith; "what are you going to do?"

"I am going to let him get this paper," said Arrelsford, coming back to the table. "He will know what they want him to do, and then we'll see him try to do it."

"You are going to spy on him, are you?"

"I am going to prove what he is."

"Then prove it openly at once. It is shameful to let such a suspicion rest upon an honorable man. Let him come in here, and—"

"It is impossible."

"Then do something, something, but do it now!" cried the girl. "You will soon know that he is innocent, you must know it. Wait! You say the prisoner in Libby is his brother—that's what you said—his brother. bring him here. Go to the prison and bring that man here."

"What?"

"Let them meet. Bring them face to face, then you can see whether—"

"You mean bring them together here?"

"Yes."

"As if the prisoner were trying to escape?"

"Exactly."

"There is something in that," said Arrelsford; "when do you suggest—"

"Now."

"I am willing to try it, but it depends upon you. Can you keep Thorne here?"

"I can."

"It won't take more than half an hour. Be out there on the veranda. When I tap on the glass bring him into this room and leave him alone. And I can rely upon you to give him no hint or sign that we suspect—"

"Mr. Arrelsford!" said the girl, indignant and haughty, and her mother stepped swiftly toward her, looking at him contemptuously, as if he should have known that such an action would be impossible for either of them.

Arrelsford gazed at them a minute or two, smiled triumphantly, and passed out of the room.

"Mamma, mamma!" moaned the girl, her eyes shut, her hand extended. "Mamma," she repeated in anguish.

"I am here, Edith dear; I am here," said Mrs. Varney, coming toward her and taking her tenderly in her arms

"Do you think—do you think—that he—he could be what they say?" Her hand fell upon the commission in her belt. "This commission I got for him this afternoon—"

"Yes?"

"The commission, you know, from the President, for the telegraph service—why, he refused to take it," her voice rose and rang triumphantly through the room; "he refused to take it! That doesn't look as if he wanted to use the telegraph to betray us."

"Refused! That's impossible!" said her mother.

"He said that it was for me that he couldn't take it."

"For you! Then it is true," answered Mrs. Varney.

"No, no," said the girl; "don't say it."

"Yes," said her mother; "the infamous—" The girl tried to stifle with her hand upon her mother's lips the words, but Mrs. Varney shook off her hand. "The spy, the traitor," she added witheringly.

"No, no!" cried the girl, but as she spoke, conviction seemed to come to her. Why was it that her faith was not more substantially based and enduring? she asked herself. "Mamma," she wailed, "it can't be." She buried her face in her hands for a moment and then tore them away and confronted her mother boldly. "Won't you leave me alone for a little while, mamma?" she asked plaintively. "I must get—"

"I will go to Howard; I will be back in a short time, my dear," said her mother, gently laying her hand on her daughter's bent head.

Left alone, the girl took the commission from her belt, opened it, smoothed it out, and read it through, as if bewildered and uncomprehending She folded it up again, and walked slowly over to one of the front windows, drew aside the curtains, and pushed it open. All was still. She listened for she knew not what. There was a footstep from the far end of the walk leading from the summer-house, a footstep she knew. Edith moved rapidly away from the window to the table and stood by it, her hand resting upon it, her knees fairly trembling in her emotion, as she waited. The next moment the open space framed the figure of Captain Thorne. He entered fearlessly, but when his eye fell upon her there was something so strained about her attitude that a spark of suspicion was kindled in his soul. Yet his action was prompt enough. He came instantly toward her and took her hand.

"Miss Varney," he said.

Edith watched his approach fascinated, as a bird by a serpent. His touch awakened her to action. She snatched her hand away and shrank back.

"No; don't touch me!" she cried.

He looked at her in amazement. The spark of suspicion burst into flame, but she recovered herself instantly.

"Oh, it was you," she faltered. She forced a smile to her lips. "How perfectly absurd I am. I am sure I ought to be ashamed of myself. Come, let's go out on the veranda. I want to talk to you about so many things. There's—there's half an hour—yet before we must go to Caroline's."

She had possessed herself of his hand again as she spoke. She now stepped swiftly toward the window. He followed her reluctantly until they reached the opening. She stepped through it and archly looked back at him, still in the room.

"How lovely is the night," she said with tender persuasiveness. "Come with me."

The man looked around him hastily. Every moment was precious to him. Did Miss Varney know? If so, what did she know? What was to be gained or lost by half an hour's delay on his part? He drew out his watch and glanced at it swiftly. There was time. He would never see her again. He might say he would possibly never see anyone again after the hazards of this night. He was entitled to one brief moment of happiness. How long had she said? Half an hour. He would take it.

"Aren't you coming, Captain Thorne?" cried the girl from the porch, all the coquettish witchery of youth and the South in her voice.

"I am coming," answered the officer, deliberately stepping through the window, "for just half an hour," he added.

"That will be time enough," replied the girl, laughing.

CHAPTER VII.

Wilfred Writes a Letter.

Half an hour is a short or a long time, depending upon the individual mood or the exigencies of the moment. It was a short half hour to Captain Thorne—to continue to give him the name by which he was commonly known—out in the moonlight and the rose garden with Edith Varney. It was short to him because he loved her and because he realized that in that brief space must be packed experience enough to last him into the long future, it might be into the eternal future!

It was short to Edith Varney, in part at least for the same reason, but it was shorter to him than to her, for at the end of that period the guilt or innocence of the man she loved and who loved her would be established beyond peradventure; either he was the brave, devoted, self-sacrificing Confederate soldier she thought him, or he was a spy; and since he came of a Virginia family, although West Virginia had separated from the Old Dominion, she coupled the word spy with that of traitor. Either or both would be enough to condemn him. Fighting against suspicion, she would fain have postponed the moment of revelation, of decision, therefore too quickly passed the flying moments.

It was a short half hour to Thorne, because he might see her no more. It was a short half hour to Edith because she might see him no more, and it might be possible that she could not even allow herself to dream upon him in his absence in the future. The recollection of the woman would ever be sweet and sacred to the man, but it might be necessary for the woman to blot out utterly the remembrance of the man.

It was a short half hour to young Wilfred in his own room, waiting impatiently for old Martha to bring the altered uniform, over which Caroline was busily working in the large old-fashioned kitchen. She had chosen that odd haven of refuge because there she was the least likely to be interrupted and could pursue her task without fear of observation by any other eyes than those of old Martha.

Now that Wilfred had taken the plunge, his impatience to go was at fever heat. He could not wait, he felt, for another moment. He had spent some of his half hour in composing a letter with great care. It was a short letter and therefore was soon finished, and he was now pacing up and down his room with uneasy steps waiting for old Martha's welcoming voice.

It was a long half hour for little Caroline Mitford, busily sewing away in the kitchen. It seemed to her that she was taking forever to turn up the bottoms of the trouser legs and make a "hem" on each, as she expressed it. She was not very skillful at such rough needlework and her eyes were not so very clear as she played at tailoring. This is no reflection upon their natural clarity and brightness, but they were quite often dimmed with tears, which once or twice brimmed over and dropped upon the coarse fabric of the garment upon which she worked. She had known the man who had worn them last, he had been a friend of hers, and she knew the boy who was going to wear them next. If she could translate the emotions of her girlish heart, the new wearer was more than a friend. Was the same fate awaiting the latter that the former had met?

The half hour was very long to Jonas, the old butler, trembling with fright, suffering from his rough usage and terror-stricken with anticipation of the further punishment that awaited him.

The half hour was longest of all to Mrs. Varney. After her visit to How-

She Had Possessed Herself of His Hand.

ard, who had enjoyed one of his lucid moments and who seemed to be a little better, she had come down to the drawing-room, at Mr. Arrelsford's suggestion, to see that no one from the house who might have observed, or divined, or learned, in any way what was going on within should go out into the garden and disturb the young couple, or give an alarm to the man who was the object of so much interest and suspicion, so much love and hatred.

About the only people who took no note of the time were the busy sempstresses in the room across the hall, and the first sign of life came from that room. Miss Kittridge, who appeared to have been constituted the messenger of the workers, came out of the room, went down the hall to the back of the house, and presently entered the drawing-room by the far door.

"Well," she began, seeing Mrs. Varney, "we have just sent off another batch of bandages."

"Did the same man come for them?" asked the mistress of the house.

"No, they sent another one."

"Did you have much?"

"Yes, quite a lot. We have all been at the bandages, they say that that is what they need most. So long as we have any linen left we will work at it." She turned to go away, but something in the elder woman's face and manner awakened a slight suspicion in her mind. She stopped, turned, and came back. "You look troubled, Mrs. Varney," she began. "Do you want anything?"

"No, nothing, thank you."

"Is there anything I can do or anything any of us can do?"

"Not a thing, my dear," answered Mrs. Varney, trying to smile and failing dismally.

"Is it Howard?" persisted the other, anxious to be of service.

"He seems to be a little better," returned the woman.

"I am glad to hear it, and if there is anything any of us could do for you, you would certainly tell me."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Heck—"Were you ever injured in a runaway?" Peck—"Yes, I eloped with the woman who is now my wife."

GUSHING GIRL IS OBNOXIOUS

Superlative Degree and the Loud Pedal Should Be Held Somewhat in Check.

There are few things so fine as enthusiasm, and the world wants all it can get.

But there is a difference between healthy enthusiasm and that effusive sentimentality known by the uglier and shorter word "gush."

Every girl has her "gush" period when everything is "adorable" and "perfect."

It is fine, in a way; we should be careful how we check the exuberance of the girlish nature. At the same time caution must be exercised against letting the habit be formed of flying into a febrile ecstasy about every small thing that comes our way and making as much of it as though it were an affair of the largest consequence.

It takes experience to hold in check the superlative degree and the loud pedal for the proper time and the deserving object.

But caution in the direction of not being too intense should not be withheld from the young. "Adorable" is too strong an adjective to be indiscriminately bestowed on poodles, china cups, opera singers, and matinee idols.

"Love" is another strong word that needs all its strength to keep from worn out by its use to express, for instance, a liking for ice cream or delight in a week end invitation.

It is not necessary to explode into raptures to prove one's self well pleased. Nor is it physically good to be too intense.

New Idea in Street Cars.

An articulated, snake-jointed street car has been invented in Boston, adapted to use in the crooked streets of that fine old town. With the new invention a speed of several blocks per hour is easily attained, the car clinging to the track around the most tortuous curves.

SNAPSHOTS AT STATE NEWS

All Pennsyivania Gleaned for Items of Interest.

REPORTS ABOUT CROPS GOOD

Farmers Busy in Every Locality—Churches Raising Funds for Many Worthy Objects—Items of Business and Pleasure that Interest.

Carbon County's fair has been set for September 30 to October 3.

Lightning struck and killed a cow belonging to Jacob Betz, of Solebury.

Drinking carbolic acid, James Scully, a Corry cigar manufacturer, committed suicide.

Breaking his neck in a fall down stairs, Stanley Gong, Summit Hill, died instantly.

Rebecca Bradley has been elected a substitute teacher at Mauch Chunk at $40 a month.

Q. A. Kuehner has been elected vice principal of the Tamaqua schools at a salary of $1,250.

Marcus Hook Council failed to override the Market street paving veto of Chief Burgess Lewis.

An exploding torpedo lacerated a foot of John Sullivan, a Mauch Chunk Jersey Central brakeman.

The Bucks County Commissioners have decided to rebuild California bridge, Richard township.

Falling between cars, Forest E. Feiro, a brakeman of Warren, was ground to pieces at Kinzua.

The first coat of paint is being given 30 dwellings at Parryville by the Carbon Iron and Steel Company.

William J. King, Sr., seriously ill for some time from the effects of injuries sustained at a Chester textile plant, died.

Falling from bed at the home of her uncle, Harry Wilkinson, of Lahaska, Margaret Kirk, of Wycombe, broke her collarbone.

Homeless and exhausted, David Yost, a man of 75, found by a trolley crew near Danboro, has been sent to the Bucks County Home.

Charged with beating his brother, William W. Finney Lewis, of Hartsville, was held for trial by Justice Nightingale, of Doylestown.

From bullet wounds self inflicted while mentally deranged, Barney Matthews, a Berwyn coachman, died in Lancaster General Hospital.

Charged with taking money and a watch from the women with whom he boarded, Mike Marzinko, of Bristol, was lodged in Bucks county prison.

Three men advertising for wives are making life miserable for clerks of the Danville, Espey and Bloomsburg post offices, which may have to be moved up a class because of increased business.

Thomas J. Lynch, executive clerk to Governor Tener, it is said, will resign before the end of the term of the present Governor to take up the practice of law. Mr. Lynch is a member of the Bar in Dauphin county. He entered the State service in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and was made executive clerk by Governor Pennypacker, being continued by Governors Stuart and Tener. He is also secretary of the State Water Supply Commission and one of the best posted men on State affairs on Capitol Hill. He was from Bethlehem and began the study of law after going to Harrisburg.

"Don," the big dog at the Chester County Prison, is the firmest friend possessed by Policeman Jacob Farra, of the West Chester borough force. Every morning the animal lies in wait for the policeman, and when he appears grabs his mace from his hand and insists upon carrying it during the regular morning outing it takes in company with the policeman. The dog is a close companion during these walks, and will not even stop to combat if attacked by another animal, simply passing with a haughty stare. No other dog or person may interfere in this enjoyable promenade, and Miss Mabel James is the only person who can coax the dog away when it is on these walks with the policeman.

Their horse plunging over a steep embankment at Rahn's hill, near Pottstown, Mrs. Herbert Pike and Mrs. C. W. Haas leaped from the carriage, then ran down and caught the horse after the vehicle had been wrecked.

Charged with stealing clothing belonging to Moses Anderson, of Boothwyn, Charles Gardener, colored, was committed for court by Justice Gill of Linwood Heights, after Anderson had identified the negro's raiment as his property.

ATTORNEYS.

D. F. FORTNEY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office North of Court House.

W. HARRISON WALKER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
No. 19 W. High Street.
All professional business promptly attended to

J. D. GETTIG. JNO. J. BOWER. W. D. SCHEID.
GETTIG, BOWER & SCHEID
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EAGLE BLOCK
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Successors to ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS
Consultation in English and German.

H. B. SPANGLER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider's Exchange Building. ly6

CLEMENT DALE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank. ly6

Penn's Valley Banking Company
CENTRE HALL, PA
W. B. MINGLE, Cashier
Receives Deposits . .
Discounts Notes . . .

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Jno. F. Gray & Son
(Successors to GRANT HOOVER)
Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World. . . . .
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST . . . .
No Mutuals
No Assessments
Before insuring your life see the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy.
Money to Loan on First Mortgage
Office in Crider's Stone Building
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Telephone Connection

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite.
Don't fail to get my prices.

BOALSBURG TAVERN
BOALSBURG, PA.
AMOS KOCH, PROPRIETOR
This well-known hostelry is prepared to accommodate all travelers. "Bus to and from all trains stopping at 'Oak' Hall Station. Every effort is made to accommodate the traveling public. Livery attached.

OLD PORT HOTEL
EDWARD BOYER, Proprietor
RATES $1.00 Per Day
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

DR. SOL. M. NISSLEY,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
A graduate of the University of Penn'a. Office at Palace Livery Stable, Bellefonte, Pa. Both 'phones.
oct.1.09 1yr.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as Second Class mail matter.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1913

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge, seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; other wise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed—no services.

Presbyterian—Spring Mills, morning; Centre Hall, evening.

Methodist—Sprucetown, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening. Services will be conducted by Rev. C. C. Shuey.

United Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning, communion; Egg Hill, afternoon, communion; Centre Hall, evening.

Lutheran—Union, morning, communion; Georges Valley, no service; Centre Hall, evening. Preparatory service at the Union, Saturday afternoon, 2:30 o'clock.

Market Reports.

Wheat, red	$ 85
Corn, on cob, 70 lbs.	55
Corn, shelled, 56 lbs.	55
Rye	65
Oats	35
Barley	50
Hay, Timothy, first grade	$11 00 to 12 00
Hay, mixed	$9 00 to 11 00
Butter	20
Eggs	20
Lard	14

LOCALS.

The W. C. T. U. will meet on Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Yearick of Howard were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Sharer east of Centre Hall for several days.

The summer course for teachers at State College closed last week. About 500 teachers from all parts of the state attended the short term.

John W. Adams, a former resident of Millheim, is a Democratic candidate for the office of sheriff in Huntingdon county. He is a resident of Huntingdon, and for a number of years has been one of the justices of the peace in that place.

Mrs. George W. Spangler, who for some time has been making her home with her daughter, Mrs. E. W. Crawford, in Centre Hall, had the misfortune on Saturday morning to fall down a stairway and break the bones in one of her arms above the wrist.

Michael Shaffer and son N. Bigler Shaffer of near Rebersburg were in Centre Hall on Friday. The latter Mr. Shaffer, who is engaged in farming operations in Brush Valley, reports crops very good down there, and that farmers are well on with their work.

The automobile is attracting the attention of George H. Emerick, the implement dealer in Centre Hall, to a considerable extent, and it is said that by fall he will be the owner of a touring car of a high class. He expects to use the machine in his business as well as for pleasure.

The venerable John A. Hunter of Stormstown, Half Moon Valley's most aged citizen, was delighted to have a visit from his son, John A. Hunter, professor of mechanical engineering in the University of Colorado. The latter Mr. Hunter is a graduate of Pennsylvania State College.

Mrs. C. H. Meyer and daughter Miss Miriam of Reedsville are at the home of Mrs. Meyer's father, Capt. G. M. Boal. Miss Miriam just returned from the south, where for some weeks she was entertained by her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McCormick of Columbus, South Carolina.

Dr. J. Frank Meyer has moved his family from Bloomfield, New Jersey, to Washington, D. C., and is now connected with the Department of Commerce as associate physicist in the Bureau of Standards. Dr. Meyer is a son of J. S. Meyer of near Penn Hall. The position he fills is a very responsible one, but he is abundantly qualified for the place.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Harpster of Freeport, Illinois, are at the Centre Hall hotel and will remain for several weeks. Mr. Harpster is an internal revenue collector, and was also elected one of the three commissioners who will govern Freeport in the future, that city having adopted the commission form of government. The latter position is a very important and exacting one. He represents the Republican party, which in Freeport is the majority party.

A bushel of eggs! That's a lot of eggs—thirty-six dozen—and that's the number of eggs found in one nest at Elmer McClellan's barn, south of Centre Hall. The good old hens about the McClellan place found an opening under a shed floor, and it was to that quiet place a number of them went to relieve themselves of their burdens. A cackling hen gave away the secret, and one of Mr. McClellan's little daughters began to investigate and the picking of a bushel of eggs was the result.

Barn at Baileyville Burned.

Wednesday seems to be a fatal day for barns. Two weeks ago the Wagner and Klinger barns were burned and Wednesday of last week the barn on the farm owned by Mrs. Calvin Sunday near Baileyville in the western portion of the county, was struck by lightning and burned. The farm is tenanted by Ray Williams, son of John H. Williams, and formerly of Centre Hall. He succeeded in getting all his stock from the barn, but all this season's crop—hay and grain—were burned as were also some farming implements harness, tools, etc. Mr. Williams is a young man, and just began farming operations, consequently the loss will be felt keenly by him.

Mrs. Sunday had insurance in the Farmers Mutual Insurance Company, D. F. Luse, Centre Hall, secretary, in sum of $1200 on the barn and $400 on its contents.

Dr. George Lee Very Ill.

Dr. George Lee has been seriously ill for ten days, suffering from a complication of diseases. His condition as this issue went to press was very critical, and there is little or no hope for his recovery. Dr. C. S. Musser is the physician in attendance.

LOCALS.

Misses May and Florence Rhone are spending their vacation at Graeffenburg Inn, Fayetteville, Franklin county.

A horse belonging to John Delaney at Earlystown was found dead in the field. It is presumed the animal was overcome with heat.

Forester W. F. McKinney and Mrs. McKinney of Potters Mills were in Centre Hall on Tuesday and called on the Reporter on a bit of business.

Frank D. Lee of near Bellefonte and Mrs. Benjamin Stamm of Boalsburg, brother and sister of Dr George Lee, have been at his bedside during his serious illness.

Bellefonte has been designated one of numerous substations for state police, and a detail of Troop A will be located there as soon as funds are available for that purpose.

James Durst of near Milroy had been at the home of his brother, Samuel Durst, near Centre Hall and was called home on account of the sudden illness of his wife. He was taken to Milroy by Edward Durst in the Durst Overland car.

The engagement of the Rev. Philip Thomas Gorman, pastor of the Highland Avenue M. E. church of Lewistown to Miss Madeline Lenore Shimer, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. George H. Shimer of Port Royal is made public.

Miss Lizzie Runkle of Spring Mills, who has been at the home of her sister, Mrs. John H. Runkle, east of Centre Hall is suffering from a paralytic stroke received last week. She has improved considerable, but is yet in a rather serious condition.

Boyd Magee has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Emerick in Centre Hall since the latter part of last week. He is in the real estate business in Philadelphia, and came up to the country to escape the excessively hot weather being experienced in the city.

Former Prothonotary A. B. Kimport is now located in Montgomery county, near Delphi, in Former Governor Pennypacker's Schwenksville district. He purchased a farm there, and expects to join the agriculturalists in feeding the world. Of course, he will not forget politics altogether.

A mixed party of white and colored people from Lock Haven on a joy ride to Bellefonte last week sideswiped a taxicab on its way from Bellefonte to Hecla Park, and the taxi was ditched. Mrs. H. R. Bell, wife of the steward of the Nittany country club, was seriously hurt. Her two sons, Robert and Samuel, and two maids, Miss Edna Russell and Miss Dora Zimmerman, who are employed at the club house, were also thrown from the taxi and injured. The joy riders were arrested, and Justice Brown fined them $25 00

Ray Glenn Decker, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Decker, of Tyrone, is spending a short time with his cousin, John Whiteman, in Centre Hall. Ray, who is eighteen years of age, has taken on considerable avoirdupois since his last visit here, a year ago. His former school mates and associates who always knew him as a lad of spare form, and who weighed little over one hundred pounds a year ago, looked with astonishment on the physique of the young man, who now tips the beam at one hundred and ninety pounds. His father conducts a restaurant in Tyrone.

John Blauser was pretty badly injured by a kick from a horse. He was skidding logs for Brisbin & Company on their Egg Hill tract, and while in the act of picking up a grab, one of his horses kicked with both feet, striking him on the jaw and breast. Two teeth were broken out, a gash cut in his jaw, and the upper portion of the breast bone was pretty badly bruised, and is probably the most serious injury. Mr. Blauser is a man of fine physique, muscular, and full of grit. He refused assistance, and mounted the animal that kicked him and rode to his home near Potter Mills.

Aaronsburg.

W. H. Philips made a business trip to Georges Valley one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Klingerman of Elerysburg were visiting at the home of Lewis Mensch the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilland Eisenhaur and children, spent Sunday at Penns Cave.

Burley Bower of Renovo spent some time at the home of his aunt, Emma Bower.

Mrs. Mary Burd has gone to State College to spend a few weeks with friends.

J. T. Armagast of Centre Hall was the welcome guest of his friend, Sallie Stoffer.

Mrs. Wm. Marr of Philipsburg visited her aged mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Weaver.

Mrs. Emma Jordon Hess has greatly improved her home by having the same repainted.

Frank Rupp of Chicago, Illinois, has come to spend some time in this place, his boyhood home.

Perry Adams has gone to State College for a few days. He is having another house built at that place.

Rev. and Mrs. D. M. Geesey returned home. Mrs. Geesey's mother, Mrs. Bailey of Hanover accompanied them to the Lutheran parsonage.

Miss Helen Stover and Mr. Gephart of Rebersburg, and Miss Nellie Burd and Mr. Hackenburg of Rebersburg, were out joy riding on Sunday.

Prof. and Mrs. William Meyer, and daughter Mrs. Eva Cranston of Philadelphia, were guests of Luther E. Stover and other friends.

Miss Mable Zerby of near Penn Hall spent part of the Sabbath at the home of George Stover. Clyde brought her down to get her acquainted with his family.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer Stover and son were to Mifflinburg on Sunday in their auto. While there they met J. W. Forster, a mail clerk, and brought him to his home at this place.

Rev. Dr. Curtis, president of the Allentown College, preached a most excellent sermon on Sunday morning in the Reformed church. His subject was "The Uplifting of Womanhood".

Spring Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Shook autoed to Mifflinburg on Sunday.

Mrs. Beatty, who has been quite ill, has gone to the home of her daughter at Avis.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hennick spent Saturday in Union county, returning on Sunday with A. J. Shook.

Mrs. A. P. Krape and daughter, Mrs. H. E. Reish, of Centre Hall spent Wednesday with friends here.

Mrs. John Sower and family of Dewart is home with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ream for a two weeks visit.

Mr. and Miss McNitt of Reedsville, Rev. and Mrs. Steekle of near Philadelphia, took dinner with G. C. King on Thursday.

REBERSBURG

Mrs. Passmore of Harrisburg is at present a guest at the J. B. Kreamer home.

Miss Ethel Harter left this week for Philadelphia where she will spend several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Elias Breon left this week for Nebraska, where they will visit their son George.

William Friese, of Wisconsin, is at present visiting in town at the home of his sister, Mrs. Fred Fehl.

Curtis Bierly and family of Dents Run are spending a month's vacation in this valley among relatives.

Mrs. Benjamin Smith, after spending a week in town with her sister, Mrs. James Zeigler, left for her home in Philadelphia.

Rev. and Mrs. Stauffer left on Monday in their auto for Dauphin county, where they will spend a month's vacation visiting relatives.

C. C. Long and Wm. Haines left on Saturday for Ohio, where they will buy a car load of cattle and have the same brought to this place and sell them at public sale.

Henry Gilbert, after spending a month with his aged parents at this place, left on Friday for his place of employment at Washington, D. C., where he is employed in the Department of Justice.

Reporter Register

Sara M. Neff, Centre Hall
Carrie Kinsel, Altoona
Laura Kinsel, Altoona
Mrs. Widder and son George, Harrisburg
Peter Jordan, Colyer
Lulu M. Hart, Pittsburg
William W. Kerlin, Centre Hall
John H. Runkle, Centre Hall

"The Philadelphia Record" covers every day in the week a field entirely distinct from that in which we serve you. Its thousands of correspondents gather and sift the world's news and make it into a condensed history of civilization day by day. You need that history in serial form to keep well-posted.

Something to sell? Advertise it in the Reporter.

Stops Falling Hair

Hall's Hair Renewer certainly stops falling hair. No doubt about it whatever. You will surely be satisfied.

Putting the Sickroom In Shape.

Disfurnish the sickroom of every unessential. Leave nothing that can be knocked off or over or that clatters or rattles. Remove rugs from the bare floor, but keep a small one handy for the patient's feet. Cover a carpet with a smooth sheet of something washable. In case of contagion take away draperies and pictures. Have the bedstead light and firm standing, not too low, single or of three quarter size. Set it so there is free passage all round it, but not so light glares into sick eyes. Place the head at least six inches from the wall and set beside it a small solid table. A couch or single bed, a spacious dresser, a bigger table and at most three chairs are complete equipment. Give up the dresser to the patient's clothes, bedclothes, towels, table covers and so forth. Have three changes of clothes, a dressing gown a light shawl, slippers, many clean handkerchiefs. A dressing room attached is a godsend—next to it a bathroom easily reached. Lacking either, a washstand fully furnished is necessary also an alcohol or oil stove for hot water.—Harper's Household Handbook.

Selecting Men.

"Seeing" men is an art. It amounts almost to second sight. Often in a business "line" some man makes his way mysteriously and rapidly to the top or near to it. He does not seem to have greater trading ability than many others, nor has he been favored by a larger capital or a more magnetic personality. But he rises. His faculty of "seeing" men has been the magical force.

It is no trick at all to discover the man who has triumphantly made a record, who is already a personality in this trade or that. Unfortunately such a man is unfailingly costly. What he has done, moreover, is no positive guarantee as to his future exploits. Men of great reputation as lieutenants many times prove great disappointments when they shift. The chief who "sees" picks a man whose reputation is yet to be made and thereby gets the profits himself.—Harper's Weekly.

Roused the Judge.

When Judge Gaynor was on the bench in New York he had a case where the attorney for the defense was exhausting the patience of every one in asking absurd questions of a witness whose mentality was of extremely low order. He kept this up for half an hour to no purpose at all and at last explained:

"Now, of course, you don't know that the defendant here is a manufacturer?"

"Please don't address your questions to what this witness does not know," interposed Judge Gaynor. "It opens such a wide range of possibility. It is patent that if you persist in finding out what he does not know we will never finish this case. Please therefore try to find out something that he does know."

Learned by Experience.

A wolf and a fox and a lion, having banded themselves together, snared a goat and a stag and a hare. And the lion said to the wolf, "Divide these among us." The wolf said, "The goat is for thee, the stag is for me, and the hare is for the fox," and when the lion heard these words he became wroth and leaped upon the wolf and choked him. Then he said to the fox, "Do thou divide the spoil." And the fox said to him, "The goat is for thy breakfast, the hare for thy lunch and the stag for thy supper." And the lion said to him, "Whence hast thou learned to make such an equitable division?" The fox replied, "From the wolf which lieth before thee, O my lord and king."—From the Orient.

Familiar Talk.

A traveler who believed himself to be sole survivor of a shipwreck upon a cannibal isle hid for three days in terror of his life. Driven out by hunger, he discovered a thin wisp of smoke rising from a clump of bushes inland and crawled carefully to study the type of savages about it. Just as he reached the clump he heard a voice say, "Why in blazes did you play that card?" He dropped on his knees and, devoutly raising his hands, cried:

"Thank heaven they are Christians!"—Everybody's.

His Decision Stood.

"Who's chairman of the ways and means committee?" asked the boy who answers the telephone at the general bureau of information.

"My wife," answered the walking encyclopedia absentmindedly. And when he came to himself he decided not to change it.—Buffalo Express.

Would Not Be Noticed.

Applicant—Yes, madam, I wish to secure board, but I must inform you that I am a vegetarian, madam. Mrs. Slimdiet—Oh, that will be all right. You will not be expected to eat the meat. None of the others ever do.—New York Weekly.

The Hot Wind From the Desert.

"Khamsin" is the hot wind from the desert which blows out of the Sahara upon Egypt. The word means fifty, from the idea that it lasts for fifty days. The khamsin is terribly hot and dry and sometimes brings pertilence with it.

For a Starter.

"What would you advise me to do?" inquired the uncertain man.

"Well, to start with, I'd advise you to quit wasting your time asking people's advice."—Washington Star.

To be able to have the things we want, that is riches; but to be able to do without, that is power.—Macdonald.

Read the advs. in the Reporter.

NIEMAN'S
ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

Stop and think what it means to your pocketbook to buy $4.00 actual value for every $2.00 you spend. This stock must be reduced quickly; that's the reason for such unusually low prices.

This great sale makes it possible for you to wear better clothes than before for less than you have been paying.

We give below only a few of the prices which will prevail at this sale.

MEN'S SUITS		LADIES' SUITS	
$ 7.50 Suits now	$4.49	$12.00 Suits now	$7.50
10.00 Suits now	6.49	10.00 Suits now	4.98
13.50 Suits now	7.95		
SHOES		**DRESS SKIRTS**	
$4.00 Shoes now	$1.98	$3.50 Skirts now	1.98
3.50 Shoes now	1.49	6.00 Skirts now	2.98
2.50 Shoes now	1.19		
UNDERWEAR		**Ladies' White Dresses**	
$1.25 Underwear	79c	$5.00 Dresses now	$1.69
.75 Underwear	38c	3.50 Tub Dresses	1.49
.50 Underwear	38c	LINEN DUSTERS	98c
HOSIERY		**KIMONAS**	
25c Silk Hose	11c	25c Kimonas now	11c
15c Hose	7c	50c Kimonas now	19c
10c Hose	4c		

In justice to yourself you should read everyone of these prices and then come and see the goods.

D. J. Nieman & Co.
MILLHEIM

TEN-DAY EXCURSIONS
Atlantic City, Cape May
Wildwood, Ocean City,
Anglesea, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Holly Beach, Stone Harbor
NEW JERSEY

Thursday, August 14

$6.35 Round Trip — Via Delaware River Bridge
$6.10 Round Trip — Via Market Street Wharf

From CENTRE HALL
STOP-OVERS ALLOWED AT PHILADELPHIA AND HARRISBURG
Children 5 years of age and under 12 years half fare

For full information concerning leaving time of trains, consult hand bills, nearest Ticket Agent, or David Todd, Division Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

LADIES'
"FITZ-EZY" SHOES
will cure corns!

SOLD ONLY AT
YEAGER'S SHOE STORE
PELLEFONTE

DEATHS.

Mrs. Drusilla Christina Wieland Hess died at her home at Linden Hall on Friday night at 10:30 o'clock Early in April she was stricken with apoplexy, and the latter part of May she fell and received injuries from which she never recovered. She would have attained the eighty-fourth year of her age had she lived until October 10th, and up to last spring she was quite active, but her physical strength was too much reduced by age to withstand the shock of a fall and recover from the effects of a paralytic stroke.

Interment was made on Monday morning in the Boalsburg cemetery. She was a member of the Lutheran church for many years, and it was her pastor, Rev. J. I. Stonecypher, who officiated at the funeral.

Mrs. Hess was one of eleven children—seven daughters and four sons—of Michael Wieland, who came to Linden Hall and settled on the F. E Wieland farm, more than a hundred years ago. After her marriage to Daniel Hess, about fifty-five years ago, the couple began housekeeping at Spring Mills, and after a residence there of two years, they located at Linden Hall, both living there until their death. The husband died about ten years ago.

Three children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Hess. One son died at the age of eleven years, and Edward, father of Mrs. George M. Hall, after attaining manhood; Mrs. C. T. Heims of Osceola Mills being the only surviving member of the family.

Jacob M. Kepler died at his home near Pine Grove Mills at the advanced age of eighty years, four months and fifteen days. He was born on the Kepler homestead where he died, and was the son of Jacob M. and Katharine Musser Kepler. He began life as a school teacher, and in 1859 engaged in the hotel business in Philipsburg. Later he became interested in the oil business in Venango county, at Petrolium Centre, and then in the lumber business In 1880 he ventured into the newspaper world, and established the Forest National Democrat, and conducted it until 1892 when he suspended its publication. It was then he returned to Pine Grove Mills and purchased the old home, and since came into possession of two other farms and a large tract of mountain land.

Mr. Kepler, in 1863, was married to Miss Mary Jane Hutton, who with these children survive: Mrs James D. Davis, of Tionesta, Forest county; Hon. J. Will Kepler, of Ferguson township; Mrs. Charles Graff, of Cincinnati, Ohio; Mrs. DeVoe Meade, of Alfred, N Y., and Charles Aaron, at home.

On Monday Cook Stover came to the home of his niece, Mrs. Ammon Stover, below Aaronsburg, on a visit, and immediately after supper became sick, and when found was on the back porch in a semi-conscious condition Later he suffered from convulsions, and on the next morning he was relieved from his sufferings by death. Mr. Stover was a bachelor, and made his home with a brother, Andrew Stover, at Curwensville. He came to Haines township, his native home, on a visit after a long absence. He was aged about sixty years. No arrangements for the funeral had been made Wednesday morning, when this notice was written, as no communication could be had with the brother at Curwensville owing to his absence in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Rebecca Smith, wife of William H. Smith, died at her home in Millheim on Saturday, and on Monday the body was interred in the Millheim cemetery, Rev. J. W. Dieve of the United Evangelical church officiating.

Mrs. Smith's maiden name was Miss Rebecca Frank, and she is survived by a sister, Mrs. Henry Swartz in Millheim, and three children: Mrs. David Stoner of Tusseyville, William and Herbert of Millheim. The husband also survives. Her age was a little over seventy-one years.

Enoch Kresmer, for many years a resident of Haines township, died on Thursday of last week at his home below Aaronsburg, and the last rites were performed over the body on Monday morning by Rev. D. W Donat of the Reformed church. Mr. Kreamer was engaged in agriculture, and cultivated a small farm. His wife, formerly Miss Julia Stover, is the only survivor, there having been no children born to the union.

Mrs. Pauline Klepper died in Williamsport, and the body was shipped to Coburn on Wednesday, and interment made at Millheim in the evening. She was a native of Sugar Valley, her maiden name being Moyer, James Moyer of Potters Mills being a brother. Her first marriage was to Charles Held, who died more than thirty years ago.

Robert Asbury Gill, connected with the Gill Manufacturing Company and for many years a prominent citizen in Philipsburg, died Friday morning. He had lived in Philipsburg for forty-one years. A wife and several children survive.

Marriage Licenses.

Wesley J. Patterson, Tyrone
Anna M. Johnston, Milesburg

Fred Horner, Linden Hall
Margaretta C. Rockey, Tusseyville

W. B. Nissley, State College
Louise Coxe, State College

Wm. Godfrey, Cumberland, Md.
Cora Fetzer, Yarnell

Edward Orwig, Taylor Twp.
Erma J. Blowers, Taylor Twp.

S. R. Morningstar, Philipsburg.
Margaret M. Stott, Philipsburg

J. B. Mingle, State College
Minnie M. Chase, Elmira, N. Y.

LOCALS

Rev. J. Hamill Boal of Slatington is at the home of his mother, Mrs. J. W. Boal, in Bellefonte.

T. L. Smith put a steel ceiling in the State College Trust Company building, the latter part of last week.

On Saturday Mrs. C. D. Bartholomew entertained Mrs. W. W. McCormick, Mrs. John H. Miller, Miss Caroline McClaskey all of Potters Mills, and Miss Gertrude Spangler of Centre Hall.

Miss Jane Foreman is in Bellefonte at the home of her brother, Prothonotary D. R. Foreman, and has charge of his home while Mrs. Foreman and the children are at Philipsburg for a short visit.

Among the fourth class postmasters named were the following from Pennsylvania: Viola G. Donelson, at James Creek, Huntingdon county; Maggie Bruno, Kelayres, Schuylkill county, and Fred B. Garber, of Montandon, Northumberland county.

The State Federation of Women's clubs has made Pennsylvania State College a gift of $66.200, the proceeds of which will maintain scholarships for two young women of the state. The trustees of the fund are: Mrs. Edward W. Biddle of Carlisle; Mrs. Samuel A. Ammon of Pittsburg, and Mrs. W. M. Irwine of Mercersburg.

Centre Mills.

A fat hog belonging to J. A. Kline was found dead in the pen on Sunday.

Harry Miller has been repairing his building which improves the place very much.

Guy, son of Naoma Deibler, has been on the sick list. They called Dr. Frank at an i night on Sunday.

N. B. Shaffer and family, D. P. Weaver, Fred Neese and others attended the festival at Millheim, Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs Henry Moyer of Colyer paid a visit for a few days last week to their daughter, Mrs. Arthur Cummings.

Mrs. W. V. Godshall and little son have been at the parental home of the former, and during the absence of the mother took charge of the home.

Charles Coble of Linden Hall returned home on Saturday with his wife and little daughter. Mr. Coble is a young man with ambition; he has been employed by Mr. Searson.

Mrs. J. C. Kline and daughter, Mrs. W. J. Kahn from Altoona, and granddaughter Nellie, spent several days at the home of Newton Yarnell at Linden Hall. Then they visited Wm Moyer, and other friends in Boalsburg and Oak Hall.

We are sorry to hear that George Kline, son of Mr. and Mrs. J.A. Kline who is operating the mill for Mr Brocha, at Jersey Shore, is very sick at this writing. The family is very much alarmed, it being typhoid fever the young man is suffering from.

Prof. F. Gauge, principal of Lock Haven High School, spoke in the M. E. church on Sunday morning. He was sent here by the Anti-Saloon League. All who were present were well pleased and wish him success in the good undertaking. He was a welcome guest at the home of J. A. Kline.

She Raised All Her Fresh Vegetables.

"My wife raises all her fresh vegetables," remarked the professional funny man as he helped his guest to string beans and tiny young beets. As the apartment was on the top floor of a high building, the guest had visions of hotbeds and greenhouses on the roof. No window boxes producing fresh vegetables were in evidence, and the matter of fact guest was speculating as to the agricultural methods of the funny man's wife when the buzz of the dumbwaiter called her from the table.

"More fresh vegetables?" queried the funny man as she resumed her seat at the table.

"Yes," she responded wearily. "You see," she explained, "we're up so high that the market boy never sends the dumbwaiter high enough. It stops about two-thirds of the way. If I don't raise all we eat the people on the fifth floor'd get it, I'm afraid. That's John's 'raising my own vegetables' joke, but it really isn't much of a joke, after all!"—New York Times.

Echo Verses.

Echo verses were sometimes used effectively for epigrams and squibs. Thus a critic once wrote:

I'd fain praise your poem. But, tell me,
how is it
When I cry out "Exquisite!" echo cries
"Quiz it?"

And when in 1831 Paganini was drawing crowds to the opera house at extravagant prices the Times printed the following lines:

What are they who pay three guineas
To hear a tune of Paganini's?
Echo—Pack o' ninnies!

An Appalachian Door.

Any one of tact and common sense can go as he pleases through the darkest corner of Appalachia without being molested, says a writer in Outing. Tact, however, implies the will and the insight to put yourself truly in the other man's place. Imagine yourself born, bred, circumstanced like him. It implies also the courtesy of doing as you would be done by if you were in that fellow's shoes—no arrogance, no condescension, but man to man on a footing of equal manliness.

And there are "manners" in the rudest community—customs and rules of conduct that it is well to learn before one goes far afield. For example, when you stop at a mountain cabin if no dogs sound an alarm do not walk up to the door and knock. You are expected to call out "Hello!" until some one comes out to inspect you.

None but the most intimate neighbors neglect this usage, and there is mighty good reason back of it in a land where the path to one's door may be a warpath.—New York Herald.

Lured to Destruction.

The inhabitants of the Scilly islands in the old days looked upon the occurrence of a wreck as a blessing of providence, and stories are extant about thanks being offered for a wreck in various parts of the country.

Some of the stories told us by the islanders themselves, says Country Life, show that there was an almost diabolical cleverness in the way in which the storm tossed mariner was lured to destruction. For example, it was common to burn false lights, that were calculated to bring the ships on the rocks instead of warning them away, and worse, even, than this was done.

There was at one time a gang of wreckers, who, when a storm was brewing, fastened a bright light to the horns of a cow and sent her to graze along the cliffs, to the bewilderment and deception of the sailors. Needless to say, this spirit has entirely changed now.

London's Destructive Atmosphere.

The smoke and soot that are always in the atmosphere (there are 6,000 tons of soot hanging over London every day) contain lots of sulphur, and this sulphur when it meets certain substances forms sulphuric acid or vitriol. It was the vitriol in the atmosphere that brought the great roof of Charing Cross station down with a crash a few years ago. The engine smoke had eaten away the iron, which was insufficiently painted. And some years ago, before the London underground was electrified, it was a great joke at one of the stations for passengers to go and poke umbrellas into a certain iron girder, which at one point was nearly as soft as putty. Paint is in such cases the engineer's great standby. In some ways paint is more powerful than iron. Many London buildings might be said to be practically held together by paint, particularly railway stations.—Pearson's Weekly.

Lang Willie's Retort.

A Scotch caddie is almost certain to be a shrewd observer of men and things, and he is frequently gifted with a sharp tongue of his own.

Lang Willie was for many years a well known figure on the St. Andrews golf links. On the occasion of Louis Kossuth's visit to St. Andrews a public dinner was given in his honor, and Willie applied for a ticket to the bailie who was in charge of the arrangements. The worthy man curtly refused the application, saying to Willie that it was "no place for the likes of him to be at the dinner."

"No for the likes of me!" was Willie's indignant rejoinder. "I've been in the company of gentlemen from 11 to 4 o'clock maist days for the last thirty year, and that's mair than you can say."

Blowing Out an Egg.

To blow out an egg make a small hole in each end, bore the holes with a large darning needle or hatpin, pressing steadily, but not too hard, and twisting the point round and round until a small hole has been punctured; then enlarge the hole slightly with the sharp point of your scissors, being careful not to crack the shell in doing so. Make the hole in the large end of the shell a trifle larger than the one in the small end. Hold the egg over a bowl, put the small end to your lips and blow steadily until all the egg has run out of the shell.

Hardly Ever.

"Other things being equal," she asked, "don't you think a girl has a better chance than a widow has to get married?"

"Perhaps," he replied, "but a widow hardly ever gives a man a chance to consider other things equal."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Reason Why.

"You haven't many relatives, have you?"

"Worlds of them."

"I never meet any of them at your house."

"No; they've all got more money than I have."—Judge.

Bound to Be Missed.

"Will anybody miss me when I'm gone?"

"Plenty of people. There's the piano man with his dollar a week, the encyclopedia man with his dollar and the insurance agent with his 50 cents."—Kansas City Journal.

The Poor Waiter.

Old Lady (who has been lunching with her son)—Here, William, you left this quarter on the table by mistake. It's lucky I saw it, because the waiter had his eye on it.—Life.

His Close Call.

"I had a narrow escape yesterday noon."

"How's that?"

"Four of us ate lunch together and each of us insisted on paying the check."

"Well?"

"For a minute or two it looked as though I had overdone the thing and the others were going to let me do it."—Detroit Free Press.

Well Fixed.

Clarence—Why don't you keep something for a rainy day? Clara—Don't be silly, dear. Haven't I the prettiest raincoat and umbrella you ever saw?—Judge.

To want something, to look forward to the day when you may perhaps possess it, is not necessarily to be discontented.—K. Burrill.

White Flame
Full, clear—never flickers
FAMILY FAVORITE
The Best Lamp Oil
At Your Dealers.
For the sake of the family's eyes.
FREE—320 page book—all about oil.
WAVERLY OIL WORKS CO.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Gasolines Lubricants

LEGAL ADVERTISING

AUDITOR'S NOTICE—

In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, in the matter of the assigned estate of A. L. Bascomb, of State College Borough, Centre county, Pa.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the court on said estate, to make distribution of funds in his hands to and among those legally entitled to receive the same, and to hear testimony and determine the rights and title of all climants to the funds, will meet all parties interested to perform the duties of his appointment at his office, in Bellefonte, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1913,

at ten o'clock a. m., when and where all parties are hereby notified to appear and prove their claims or be forever debarred from coming in on the said funds.

H. S. TAYLOR,
Bellefonte, Pa., August 6, 1913. Auditor.
31.o.33.

FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE SCHOOL DIRECTORS OF POTTER TOWNSHIP DISTRICT FOR THE FISCAL SCHOOL YEAR ENDING FIRST MONDAY IN JULY, 1913.

Whole number of schools	15	
Average number of months taught	7	
Number of Male Teachers employed	8	
Number of Female Teachers employ'd	7	
Average Salaries of Males per month		$ 41 25
Average Salaries Females per month		40 00
Number of Male Scholars attending all schools	204	
Number of Female Scholars attending all schools	166	
Whole number in attendance	370	
Average daily attendance of scholars	325	
Average percentage of attendance	88	
No. mills levied for School purposes	5	
Amount levied for School purposes		$3873 83
Total amount levied		3873 83
Cost of each pupil per month		2 20

RECEIPTS

From State Appropriations	$2504 29	
From balance on hand from last year	809 41	
From Collector, including taxes of all kinds	3784 71	
From County Treasurer, for unseated lands since last report	26 07	
From all other sources, such as sale of houses or land, liquor fines, etc.	242 90	
Total Receipts		—$7367 38

EXPENDITURES

Building and furnishing houses	$ 11 72	
Renting, repairing, etc.	45 24	
Teachers' wages	4240 00	
Amt. paid teachers attending institute	225 00	
Fuel and contingencies	591 99	
Fees of Collector	102 14	
Treasurer	66 25	
Salary of Secretary	75 00	
Tuition to other districts	479 71	
Purchase of text books	626 56	
Purchase of supplies other than text books, including maps, globes, etc.	143 19	
Auditors' fees	6 00	
Miscellaneous	78 19	
Total Expenditures		—$3690 99
Cash on hand		676 39

RESOURCES

Cash on hand	$ 676 39	
Tuition due from other Twps.	81 79	
Amt. due Dist. from all sources	218 21	—$ 926 39
Estimated value of school grounds and buildings		$14,500

We hereby certify that we have examined the above and find it correct.

H. F. MUSSER,
J. B. FORTNEY,
GEO. ERHARD, Auditors.

Coughs
Hard coughs, old coughs, tearing coughs. Give *Ayer's Cherry Pectoral* a chance. Sold for 70 years.
Ask Your Doctor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—

Letters testamentary on the estate of David J. Musser, late of Gregg township, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them for settlement.

F. S. MUSSER, Executor.
o.33 Spring Mills, Pa.

HENRY F. BITNER, A. M., Ph. D.
SCRIVENER AND CONVEYANCER
Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Wills, Leases, Contracts, and other legal papers carefully prepared at short notice. One year experience in law office. Terms reasonable. Bell phone 17-3.
MURRAY'S DRUG STORE, CENTRE HALL, PA.
3r-13-1y

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—A pearl necklace, somewhere in Centre Hall. Finder will please return same to this office.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Large frame house, with all outbuildings, two acres of ground with lots of fruit. Located in Centre Hall Boro. Inquire of CHAS. D. BARTHOLOMEW, Agent, Centre Hall, Pa.

SHOT GUN FOR SALE. A practically new Ithaca double barrel hammerless shotgun, with full pistol grip, is offered for sale. Shell vest, reloading tools, etc., will go with the sale. Will be sold at a reasonable figure. W. F. FLORAY, Centre Hall, Pa. o 32.pd

FOR SALE—1913 Model, Motor Cycles and Motor Boats, at bargain prices, all makes, brand new machines, on easy monthly payment plan. Get our proposition before buying or you will regret it; also bargains in used Motor Cycles. Write us today. Enclose stamp for reply.
Address LOCK BOX 11, TRENTON, MICH.
27-36-p05.

Curious Beliefs That Hovered Round the Ancient Weapon.

Countless legends and superstitions have attached to the sword since the days when fighting was the principal occupation of life. So highly was the sword esteemed that Mohammed in the Koran declared it to be "the key to heaven and hell."

The warrior or knight gave a name to his sword. He vowed at the altar never to draw it in a false cause. It was his companion and friend and descended from father to son for many generations. One sword named "Brother of the Lightning" had a golden hilt inscribed with magic words. In times of peace these were said to be illegible, but before a battle "they glowed red as blood."

It was believed, moreover, that a sword after long use acquired a life of its own. Many famous swords were said to utter cries before battle, and after a weapon had killed five score men it became blood hungry and leaped from its scabbard at the approach of a foe. Certain swords were said to refuse to give a wound in a bad cause. Among these was the brand Excalibur, which was given to King Arthur by a fairy and which Richard Coeur de Lion professed to own.

In the east superstitious reverence is still paid to the sword. The Daimios of Japan, when they voluntarily surrendered their rank, kept as a rule the wonderful blades which had been handed down from generation to generation, in some cases for more than a thousand years, and which had absorbed, as they believed, some of the character and life of the men that had owned them.—Harper's Weekly.

Heart Burials.

The burial of the heart separate from the body and in another place is an old custom, common in Europe when the heart was supposed to be the center of the affections and the will. Robert Bruce wished his heart to be buried in Jerusalem and intrusted it to his famous friend, "the black Douglas," who was killed before he could fulfill the mission. The hearts of the Hapsburg rulers of Austria are kept in silver caskets in the chapel of the Loretto in Venice, and the hearts of the rulers of Bavaria are similarly preserved apart from the bodies. Luitpold, the late prince regent, ordered, however, that his heart be placed not with the hearts of the other Bavarian rulers, but in its natural place with his own body, beside the body of his wife.—Youth's Companion.

Verdi Was a Frenchman.

Verdi was a Frenchman, though he always claimed to be an Italian. The great composer of "Aida" was a native of Ronsole, a village of the old dukedom of Parma, annexed by the great Napoleon in 1808 and made over into the French department of Taro. Taro was still French in 1813, when Verdi was born. Therefore, though born on Italian soil, Verdi was legally a Frenchman by birth.—Boston Post.

Deceived.

"I want to get a divorce from my wife."

"On what ground?"

"Well, I don't know the legal term for it, but she didn't tell me before I married her that she was an elocutionist."

A line of
LADIES' HOUSE DRESSES
$1.00 to $1.50

A line of Ladies' White SKIRTS
$1.00 to $1.50

MEN'S SHIRTS . . 50c to $1

Give us a call

KREAMER & SON
CENTRE HALL

CLEARANCE OF ALL DRESSES

That have been $2, 2.50 and 3, at $1.45
Sizes for both Women and Misses

These are clearing out days in our Ladies' Dress Department and we are adjusting clearance prices without reckoning at all with costs. Just think of a $2.50 dress for $1.45 and then many are the $3.00 ones. There are Ginghams which wear, wash and look so well; neat percales that are always in demand; lawns, linens and other desirable fabrics of the season. Sizes 14, 16 and 18 years. 30 to 44.

Women's Tub Dresses at $3.95

Almost endless variety at this low price. Every one as well made and effectively trimmed as dresses costing double their price. Made of various summer wash fabrics, in styles suitable for morning and street wear $3.95

Crider's Exchange **CLASTER'S** Bellefonte

Fortieth Annual
Encampment and Exhibition
of the Patrons of Husbandry of Central Penn.
GRANGE PARK, CENTRE HALL, PA.
September 13 to 19 1913

Encampment Opens Sept. 13th Exhibition Opens Sept. 16th

The largest and best fair in Central Pennsylvania; by farmers and for farmers. Twenty-eight acres are devoted to camping and exhibition purposes. Ample tent accommodation for all desiring to camp.

A large display of farm stock and poultry, farm implemepts, fruits, cereals and every production of farm and garden.

ADMISSION FREE

LEONARD RHONE,
CHAIRMAN

GEORGE GINGERICH,
G. L. GOODHART, Committee

NEW LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA

A Brief Outline of Acts of the General Assembly of 1913 As Approved by the Governor

No. 8.

Misleading Advertisements.

Whoever, in a newspaper, periodical, circular, form, letter, or other publication published, distributed, or circulated in this Commonwealth, in any advertisement in this Commonwealth, knowingly makes or disseminnates, or causes to be made or disseminnated, any statement or assertion concerning the quantity, the quality, the value, the merit, the use, the present or former price, the cost, the reason for the price, or the motive or purpose of a sale, of any merchandise, securities, or services; or concerning the method or cost of production or manufacture of such merchandise; or the possession of rewards, prizes, or distinctions conferred on account of such merchandise; or the manner or source of purchase of such merchandise or securities—which is untrue or calculated to mislead, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding sixty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

No. 108

Permits blind children to be educated at public expense until the age of eight is reached.

No. 109

Authorizes the association of township supervisors in all counties and provides for the expenses.

No. 110

Increases the term to four years of the clerk of the county commissioners.

No. 111

False Credit Statement an Offense.

A fine not exceeding $1,000 or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, is the penalty which may be incurred for making a false statement for the purpose of securing credit.

No. 112

Provides for an examination of the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf, at Scranton, and taking the institution over by the state.

No. 113

Fixes the salaries of the Assistant Librarian of the Senate and the Assistant Resident Clerk of the House at $1,800 each for each regular session, $10 a day for each special session, and $5 a day for the interim between sessions.

No. 114

Grants to the Delaware & Hudson R. R. for railroad purposes a small tract of ground in Wayne county, purchased for the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane.

No. 115

Authorizes females lodged outside penitentiaries, jails and workhouses, temporarily, under certain conditions.

No. 116

Grants to the D. & H. R. R. certain rights in Wayne county.

No. 117

Validates all deeds, mortgages and other instruments in writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to April 4, 1901.

No. 118

Courts of common pleas are allowed to employ such number of interpreters as may be necessary.

No. 119

Refunds $895.51 erroneously paid by Standard Distilling Co. for license.

No. 120

Provides for judgments to be entered against municipalities.

No. 121

Authorizes two or more overseers of the poor in counties having no poor house to provide one by the leasing or purchase of real estate and the erection of buildings, and to issue bonds for that purpose.

No. 122

Provides that each county from which dependent children are committed to the care of any association shall be responsible for the costs of maintenance.

No. 123

Makes it unlawful to kill wild turkeys and provides for a fine of $25 or a just sentence of twenty-five days.

No. 124

Fixes the number of employees under the superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, and fixes their salaries.

No. 125

To limit the number of pilots at the port of Philadelphia.

No. 126

Gives permission to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation of the river Delaware to make rules limiting the speed of vessels on that river.

No. 127.

Amends the law concerning malicious injury to railroads, to cover all roads, public and private.

No. 128.

Prothonotaries shall keep a cost docket, open to public inspection, which shall be an accurate record of fees received.

No. 129.

Creates a department of "City Transit" for cities of the first class, to have control of the transit facilities.

No. 130.

With the consent of local authorities street railways may relocate certain portions of track to eliminate congested or dangerous situations.

No. 131.

Twenty thousand dollars appropriated for the American Oncologic hospital at Philadelphia, deficiency of 1911.

No. 132.

Jurisdiction is given the courts of Common Pleas in divorce cases where the libellant has been a resident of the state for one year, where the marriage of the parties or the cause for divorce occurred outside this state, and where the respondent has been served only with notice by publication.

No. 133.

Requires boards of education to admit to the public schools the children of orphan asyslums, whether or not legal residents of the school district.

No. 134.

Extends the protection of the game laws.

No. 135.

Relates to taxation in cities of the first-class.

No. 136.

Provides for the oral examination of a judgment debtor, for the purpose of discovering whether he has property which may be made subject to execution on the judgment.

No. 137.

Prohibits furnishing by gift or sale to minors of cigarettes, or cigarette papers, and requires minors to divulge from whom procured.

No. 138.

Aunthorizes a state association of County Commissioners, County Clerks and County Solicitors.

No. 139.

Provides for the creation and regulation of municipal liens, an the proceedings for their collection in boroughs.

No. 140.

Fixes fees and mileage of constables visiting places where liquor is sold.

No. 141.

Authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture to appoint ten special instructors in agriculture, and appropriates $40,000.

No. 142.

Boards of County Commissioners are permitted to appropriate not more than $1,500 annually to co-operate with the agricultural extension work of the State College.

No. 143.

Repeals the act to cede jurisdiction to the National Government over the Hanover Public road, in Adams county.

No. 144.

Permits mutual building and loan associations to set aside a five per cent reserve fund for the payment of contingent losses. Permits members to secure the payment of one-half of their loans by a straight mortgage. Permit loans upon a stipulated premium, and authorizes one association to loan funds to another.

No. 145.

Counties are authorized to appropriate funds for monuments or memorials to the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish-American War.

No. 146.

Allows fraternal organizations to become beneficiaries of its members.

No. 147.

Cities of the second-class shall lighten the taxes upon real estate improved by buildings.

No. 148.

Authorizes municipalities to locate streets and alleys.

No. 149.

Validates certain charters granted to electric light companies.

No. 150.

Empowers all corporations organized under the laws of this state, not for profit, to acquire real estate of the yearly rental value of $50,000.

No. 151.

Relates to the assessment of damage for improvements in municipalities.

152.

Requires cities of the second and third class to pass ordinances carrying into effect the provisions of the act for the licensing of steam engineers.

No. 153.

Cold Storage Act.

Requires a license to operate a cold storage warehouse from the Food and Dairy Commissioner and provides rules for operation.

No. 154.

Repeals a supplement to the act relating to packing beef and pork for export

No. 155.

Makes a felony of an attempt to extort money or anything of value by means of threats.

No. 156.

Commission on the construction of buildings given until November 1, 1914, to make report.

No. 157.

Amends the act concerning disorderly conduct in public places to make it an offense to incite others to create disturbance. Also makes it the duty of train conductors to arrest parties creating disturbance.

No. 158.

Refunds $500 illegally collected by the state as license for moving picture show.

No. 159.

Bible in Public Schools.

At least ten verses of the Bible shall be read each day, without comment, by the teacher in each public school, at the opening of the morning session.

No. 160.

Relates to fees in civil cases.

No. 161.

Requires license for sale of "bankrupt" stocks of goods to be issued by the treasurer of the city, borough or township.

NOTE CHANGE IN WILD LIFE

As Some Breeds Approach Gradual Extinction Others Are Showing Marked Increase.

Wild creatures along the arctic coast of North America are changing, according to Vilhjalmar Stefansson, who writes in the Geographical Journal: "Contrasting pleasantly with the gradual retreat and approaching extermination of both the caribou and the musk-ox is the increase in numbers of three game animals—the musk rat, the beaver and the moose. Half a century ago, to the westward of Great Bear lake, moose were found only on the west side of the Mackenzie river. They have since crossed the river until something like twenty years ago they reached the west end of the Bear lake, some ten years ago they got to the east end of the lake and three years ago the first moose were seen on the shores of Coronation gulf by the Rae river Eskimo.

"The history of the spread of the musk rat has been somewhat similar to that of the moose in this district, although it seems to have preceded the moose by a few decades in some places and by a decade or so in others. They are now found in many of the small lakes right down to the east coast of Coronation gulf and Dolphin and Union straits, but there are hundreds of Eskimos now living who can remember the time when they first saw these animals. Being strange through newness they were considered supernatural, and are so even today.

"Although some tribes are hard put to it to find skins enough for clothing, and although they will use the inferior skin of the marmot, they throw away both the skin and meat of the musk rat and use only the tails, which are employed as charms and talismans. The beaver, too, is spreading toward the sea, although he has not as yet attained so high a northing as the musk rat, and will probably always be confined to the timber country."

And Some Wall Street Goats.

Over 3,000,000 animals were slaughtered in New York last year, but at that a lot of asses managed to make their getaway.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Without "Padding."

The teacher of the class in English, says the Detroit Free Press, demanded that the pupils all write for their daily exercise a brief account of a baseball game.

One boy sat through the period seemingly wrapped in thought, while the others worked hard, and turned in their narrative. After school, the teacher approached the desk of the laggard.

"I'll give you five minutes to write that description," he sternly said; "if it is not done by that time, I shall punish you."

The boy promptly concentrated all his attention upon the theme as the teacher slowly counted the moments. At last, with joyful eagerness, he scratched a line on his tablet, and handed it to his master. It read:

"Rain—no game."

Sleeping Sinners.

In former times the question of folk falling asleep during divine service was one that greatly exercised the minds of church officials. Eventually, as certain listeners refused to be stirred up by the discourse, it was decided to stir them up in another way, and the beadle was deputed to make a round of the congregation with a "rousing stick," with which he was to force attention. When there was no beadle, some one specially was selected to perform the duty. The old custom was in vogue in the early years of the last century, for there is a record of one Betty Finch, "a very masculine sort of woman," being given the office at Holy Trinity church, Warrington. Mistress Finch stalked up and down the aisles during services, armed with a great stick like a fishing rod, which had a "bob" fastened at the end of it, and with this she energetically nudged the sleepers.—Glasgow News.

Sold Manufactured "Mummy."

An imitation mummy, constructed mainly from the bones of a calf, was recently sold in Cairo to a tourist from the United States as the remains of a palace dignitary of the third Egyptian dynasty. The fraud was however detected and the native who made the sale was placed under arrest.

Fascination of the Emerald.

The idea that the emerald has mystic powers is very ancient. Nero is said to have used an emerald eye glass to keep off evil influences, and it was commonly believed that an emerald drinking glass was an infallible discoverer of poison. It is told of Charlemagne that his wife was given an emerald which had the magic property of fascinating anyone who came near its wearer. On her death she ordered that the emerald should be placed in her mouth, owing to which the emperor would not allow her coffin out of his sight. He was inconsolable, until one of his officers discovered the spell, and by giving it to another, transferred his affections from the dead to the living. Probably this story has occasioned the reference you have encountered.

Poe's Airship Hoax.

Mr. Fairbairns was anticipated by Edgar Allan Poe in the art of aerial hoaxing. In 1844 the New York Sun announced one morning: "Astounding news! Atlantic crossed in Three Days!! Triumph of Mr. Monck Mason's Flying Machine!" Folks rushed for the paper, and found therein a long and detailed account of the crossing of the Atlantic in a steerable balloon by Mr. Monck Mason, Harrison Ainsworth and four others. The balloon was minutely described, long extracts were printed from a diary which Harrison Ainsworth was supposed to have kept on the way, and the whole story had such a touch of truth that it took some days for New Yorkers to realize how completely they had been hoaxed.

First-Class Alibi.

"And you say that you are innocent of the charge of stealing a rooster from Mr. Jones?" asked an Arkansas judge of a meek-looking prisoner.

"Yes, sir; and I can prove it."

"How can you prove it?"

"I can prove that I didn't steal Mr. Jones' rooster, judge, because I stole two hens from Mr. Graston the same night, and Jones lives five miles from Graston's."

"The proof is conclusive," said the judge. "Discharge the prisoner."—National Food Magazine.

What a Sparrow Did.

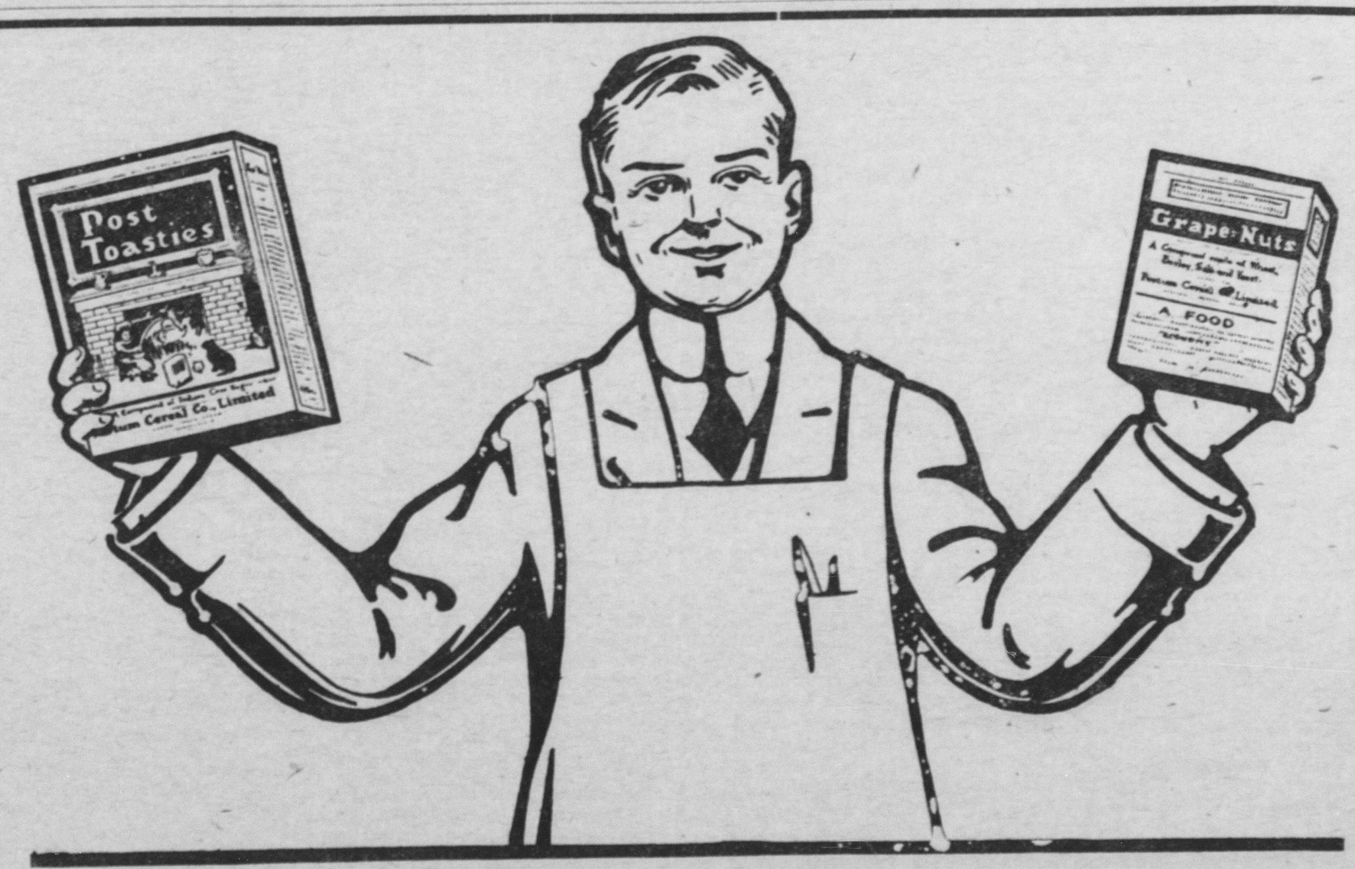
What is perhaps the most remarkable accident that ever occurred was reported last month from Germany. A large touring car was traveling at fair speed along a boulevard lined with trees, and several boys were taking chances of being arrested by the police by shooting at the birds with slingshots. One pebble, particularly well aimed, struck a sparrow on the upper wing and sent him gliding through the air directly toward the driver of the car; the bird struck him full in the face, and in the next instant things began to happen. The driver clutched at his eyes, the car lurched into the ditch, knocking down a telegraph pole, vaulted to a plowed field on the other side of the ditch, and went full force into a huge haystack. Despite this wild swerve, no one was even scratched except the driver, whose eyesight was damaged by the claws of the sparrow.—Leslie's.

Where Washington Crossed.

It is worth mentioning that the Pennsylvania legislature has appropriated $25,000 for the erection of a memorial and the acquisition of 100 acres of land at Washington Crossing on the Delaware river. This accords with the action taken some time ago by the New Jersey legislature in laying out a park on that side of the river to mark the landing place of the Continental troops that memorable Christmas eve. The incident is one of the most familiar in revolutionary annals, and the scene of the embarkation for the battle of Trenton deserves to be marked. The Philadelphia Bulletin, which records these facts, does not approve of the further project of having congress provide the funds to construct a bridge across the Delaware at that spot, saying: "There is no traffic there to justify such an expenditure, and it would be like building a boulevard in a desert wher nobody wanted to go."

Too Much Competition.

"Hang it!" mutters the enraptured youth. "What chance have I to get her alone? She has to go to the auto show, the food show, the flower show, the dog show, the millinery show, the land show and—Oh, well, there's no show for me!"—Judge.



A "Get Acquainted" Offer

In N. Y., N. J., Pa., Del., Md. and D. C. Only

A Package of Post Toasties FREE

With a package of Grape-Nuts

You get acquainted with the winsome flavor of Post Toasties without costing you a penny.

Just order from your grocer a package of Grape-Nuts at the regular price, 15c, and say:

"Package of Post Toasties FREE"

and along will come a full-size package of these delightful toasted bits of Indian Corn—with our compliments—while they last.

The complimentary supply is limited. Everybody is to have a "get acquainted" package—so your grocer has only one free package for each customer. They'll be snapped up in a jiffy—

If you want a free package, be quick!

Grape-Nuts is the ideal food made of whole wheat and malted barley. Digests easily. Builds sturdy muscles and keen brains.

Both **Post Toasties** and **Grape-Nuts** are perfectly cooked at the factory and ready to eat from the package.

Served with cream and sugar—or fruit juice—**Post Toasties** and **Grape-Nuts** are deliciously appetizing and wholesome.

Going Away.

"You seem sad. Family going away for the summer?"

"No; the cook."

For SUMMER HEADACHES

Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—no matter what causes them—whether from the heat, sitting in draughts, feverish condition, etc. 10c., 25c and 50c per bottle at medicine stores. Adv.

Certain Fate.

"I am going to get on the stage by hook or by crook."

"Oh, you'll get the hook on it all right."

Irritating Skin Troubles,

so prevalent in summer, such as hives, poison oak, chafing, sunburn, eczema, etc., are quickly relieved when Tyree's Antiseptic Powder is used 25c. at druggists or sample sent free by J. S. Tyree, Washington, D. C.—Adv.

Just Like All the Rest.

"But, doctor," she said, "I want to raise my baby with all the modern improvements."

"I don't see a single modern improvement about him," the prosaic old man replied.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Out of Place.

The Last Arrival—Oi thought this was to be a progressive party, Maloney?

Card Party Host—So ut is, Moike.

The Last Arrival (witheringly)—Thin phwat's that black Republican av a Casey doing here?—Puck.

FAR BETTER THAN QUININE.

Elixir Babek cures malaria where quinine fails, and it can be taken with impunity by old and young.

"Having suffered from Malarious Fever for several months, getting no relief from quinine and being completely broken down in health, **'Elixir Babek'** effected a permanent cure."—William F. Marr. **Elixir Babek** 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcels Post prepaid from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

Quite Superfluous.

Mrs. Ellsworth had a new colored maid. One morning, as the maid came down stairs, the mistress said:

"Emma, did you knock at Miss Flora's door when I sent you up with her breakfast?"

"No, ma'am," replied the maid, with preternatural gravity. "What was de use ob a-knockin' at her do' when I knowed fo' sure she was in dar?"—New York Evening Post.

Slightly Adulterated.

Mandre de Fouquieres, the celebrated Parisian cotillon leader, talked to a group of reporters, before his departure for France, about the American woman.

"It is a mistake to suppose that the question of money plays an important part in American marriages," said M. de Fouquieres. "The love match is not rare. Indeed, it is much more common here than with us." Smiling, the Frenchman added:

"I believe there are few American girls who would answer as the candid New York debutante did when asked if she was marrying for pure love.

"'Pure love?' said the debutante, with a roquish smile. "Well, not altogether. Pure love, adulterated with a little money.'"

Special Hospitals Needed.

The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis estimates that there are over a million consumptives in the United States, of whom probably at least one-third are unable to provide for themselves the necessary treatment at home. Most of these cases are a menace to the health of their families and associates, and should be in special hospitals. At the present time, however, even if every case were known, it would not be possible to provide accommodations for more than one in eight or ten. The removal of these foci of infection demands more and better hospital and sanatorium provision.

PANTRY CLEANED

A Way Some People Have.

A doctor said:

"Before marriage my wife observed in summer and country homes, coming in touch with families of varied means, culture, tastes and discriminating tendencies, that the families using Postum seemed to average better than those using coffee.

"When we were married two years ago, Postum was among our first order of groceries. We also put in some tea and coffee for guests, but after both had stood around the pantry about a year untouched, they were thrown away, and Postum used only.

"Up to the age of 28 I had been accustomed to drink coffee as a routine habit and suffered constantly from indigestion and all its relative disorders. Since using Postum all the old complaints have completely left me and I sometimes wonder if I ever had them."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms.

Regular (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

FRIENDS OF MANKIND

Feathered Creatures of Greatest Benefit to Farmers.

Every Songster That Lives on Insect Life Is Worth Its Weight in Gold —Should Be Encouraged in the Gardens.

Few persons actually realize the great good accomplished by many of the more common varieties of insect destroying birds. Every bird that lives on insect life is worth its weight in gold to mankind, declares Harper's Weekly. In most localities these useful birds have been so destroyed as to be almost exterminated, and the increase of destructive insects that frequent the field, orchard and garden is appalling. Something will have to be done soon or mankind will be confronted with a very difficult problem.

The natural means of exterminating these pests are by far the best. The birds are the natural enemies of the life that destroys and injuries the various crops. Why not assist the willing birds in this work? We can easily do so if we but stop and consider for a moment. Instead of depleting the flocks of bluebirds, wrens and purple martins, encourage them to inhabit your lawns, gardens and orchards.

Erect homes for the birds. The little common house wren that is always busy either in winter or summer in catching thousands of insects or feeding on their larvee will greatly appreciate a little effort on our part to provide them shelter. Tin cans, old coffee pots or small wooden boxes fastened on fences, outbuildings, arbors or trees, and provided with entrances about the size of a half-dollar, will make cozy homes for the wren, and the number of young hatched and fed with the pests in the garden will insure a greater quality and better quality of fruits and vegetables.

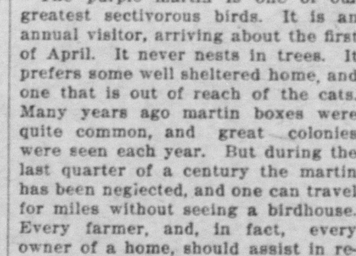
The bluebird is another enemy of the hundreds of insects that get in their wicked work in the early spring and summer, when bloom and tender fruits are exposed to their ravages. They can be induced to remain about our homes if provided with suitable roosting and nesting boxes. The type of home may vary, but it should not be too large, and more than one should be erected about the home, especially in the orchard. A box not more than twelve by eighteen inches, divided into four rooms, with an opening into each room and a narrow ledge or alighting board, is the most easily provided. It should be placed on a pole about twelve or fifteen feet high. It might be well to have the pole attached to a fence post or some other handy place, by a hinge so the box can be lowered when it is necessary to clean it out or remove the English sparrows.

The purple martin is one of our greatest sectivorous birds. It is an annual visitor, arriving about the first of April. It never nests in trees. It prefers some well sheltered home, and one that is out of reach of the cats. Many years ago martin boxes were quite common, and great colonies were seen each year. But during the last quarter of a century the martin has been neglected, and one can travel for miles without seeing a birdhouse. Every farmer, and, in fact, every owner of a home, should assist in reclaiming these birds. Erect homes for them. A great variety of houses can be built. Any one can secure a box from the grocer, cut a couple of small holes in it, and place it on a pole not far from the house. Many of pretty designs can be built that will not only serve a good purpose, but make the home more attractive. The martin loves to be noticed and talked to, and it will repay one for his trouble in its cheery warble, and in time its presence will be shown in the quantity and quality of the products injured by the insect pests.

USEFUL DEVICE FOR GARDEN

Effective Holder for Hose May Be Constructed Out of One Piece of Strong Wire.

This simple and effective holder for the nozzle of a garden hose is made of one piece of wire. The looped



Nozzle Holder.

portion at the upper end is so shaped that the nozzle can be set securely at any angle.

Packing Small End Down.

An authority says that if the egg is placed on the side or large end, the heavy yolk will settle to the bottom and come in contact with the shell, which admits the air. If it is placed on the small end, it will always have a layer of white between it and the shell.

Friers Overlooked.

Because it is a busy time of year we are apt to let fries go beyond the most profitable age. A weight of two or two and a half pounds brings the top price.

LARGE ALFALFA SEED YIELD

One Plant Made Exceptionally Fine Growth of Leafy Stems—Soil Conditions Important.

(By P. H. BLINN, Colorado Agricultural College.)

A fine alfalfa plant, after running the gauntlet of a hundred thousand visitors, many of whom examined the pods, "to see if the seed had filled," and being shipper three times across the state by a local freight or express, and then traveling over nearly all the railroads of the state with the demonstration train, yielded 92.3 grams of clean seed, equivalent to 3¼ ounces of seed from the one plant.

The plant was found in a field of Baltic alfalfa, grown at the experiment station at Rocky Ford, the field was sown in 1911 in twenty-inch rows for seed production, the field was not irrigated during the year 1911, and was left to grow seed, the season was favorable for seed yield, and the field averaged less than fifty pounds of seed to the acre, yet this one plant, in the midst of the field surrounded by thousands of plants under the same conditions which failed to produce seed satisfactorily, made an exceptional growth of fine leafy stems and set such an enormous yield of seed.

Sixty grams of the seed from this plant have been used to seed a tenth-acre plot for increase at Rocky Ford, and also a row in the comparative nursery test that comprises other choice selections. Thirty grams of the seed have been sent to the station at Fort Collins to test out in that section of the state.

The work of selecing choice individual plants is resulting in a decided improvement of the type of alfalfa, not only for seed alone, but fine quality and a large production of forage.

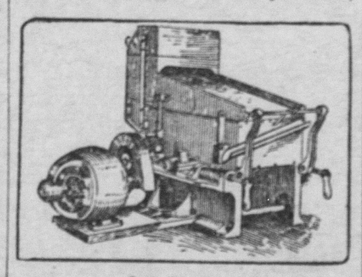
The question of seed production seems to depend on more care in selecting soil conditions adapted to regulating moisture supply so as to make a slow dwarfed growth, yet insuring moisture to set and fill the seed.

MACHINE FOR CRUSHING OATS

Feed Bill May Be Materially Reduced by Use of Device—Operated by Electric Motor.

The feed bill of the man who keeps five, ten, or more horses can be materially reduced and the animals kept in better flesh by the use of an oat crusher to prepare this part of the horses' fare, is the assertion of those who have tried it, says the Popular Electricity.

The machine shown will clean and crush 2,200 pounds of oats per hour,



Oat Crusher.

enough to feed 125 horses eighteen pounds per day. The crushed oats retain their original moisture when prepared as used, and are more completely and readily digested and the looks and condition of the animals are better with less feeding. It is claimed that a fifteen per cent saving is made over the old way of feeding whole oats, which, if a horse were accustomed to a diet of eighteen pounds of whole oats per day, would amount to a bout 30 bushels a year using crushed oats. The crusher is operated by electric motor power which is, therefore, easily applied and shut off.

MIXED DIET FOR THE HOGS

Corn Alone Is Not Nearly as Good as When Supplemented by Some Other Protein Food.

The investigators at the Missouri college of agriculture prove again what good feeders already know, that corn—good corn—is a good feed for any animal and that there is no need of withholding it from any animal needing food. At the same time, it is shown that corn alone is not nearly so good or profitable a feed as corn supplemented by some protein food, such as tankage, linseed oilmeal or soy beans.

In hogs fed exclusively on corn the animal becomes very fat and chubby and does not develop properly; the bones are brittle and easily broken.

Sixty-five hogs were used in this experiment and they were divided into lots of five each. Twelve different rations were used with corn alone in two of them and corn supplemented with some other feed in the others.

The hogs fed on corn and linseed oilmeal and those fed on tankage gained the most; those receiving corn alone were most unsatisfactory.

Salt for Cows.

When cows are salted only once a week, they eat too much at a time, and it causes looseness of the bowels. They will eat a little salt nearly every day if it is kept where they can get at it, especially when the grass is fresh and abundant.

Confidence Essential.

The cow cannot do her best unless she has confidence in her owner.

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

Dun's Review says:

"There is the customary mid-summer pause in mercantile and industrial activity, yet the volume of transactions continues large and confidence is fully sustained. Conservatism remains general in most channels, but this is tempered with a degree of optimism that reflects favorable sentiment as to the future. That the trend of business is still forward is evidenced by current statistics of trade movements.

"The transporting companies continue to limit purchases of equipment to well-defined needs, but signs of improvements are apparent in iron and steel, with the leading producer reporting a slight enlargement in new orders.

"The aggregate of foreign commerce for the latest week reported was smaller than for the same period of the two years immediately preceding, the decline being due entirely to a falling of in merchandise exports.

"Failures numbered 298 in the United States, against 266 last year, and 29 in Canada, compared with 30 a year ago."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 94½c c i f New York export basis July shipments, and 96½ f o b afloat to arrive; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 100¼ f o b afloat.

Corn—Spot steady; export 70½c; nominal f o b afloat.

Butter—Creamery extras, 26½@27c; firsts, 25@25½; seconds, 23½@24½; thirds, 23; state dairy, finest, 25½@26; good to prime, 24@25; factory, June make, firsts, 23½; factory, current make, firsts, 23.

Eggs—Fresh-gathered seconds, 16@18c; thirds and poorer, 10@15; fresh-gathered checks, good to choice dry, 12@13½; do, undergrades, per case, $1@3.50.

Poultry—Live weak; Western chickens, broilers, 18c; fowls, 16½; turkeys, 13. Dressed easy; fresh-killed Western chickens, 23@27; fowls, 17½; turkeys, 18@19.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—No. 2 red, Western, spot and July, 93@93½c; No. 2 red, 90@90½c; steamer, 88@88½c; No. 3 red, 87@87½c; rejected "in," 84@84½c; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1@1.01.

Corn—No. 2 yellow natural, 71@71½c; steamer yellow, natural, 70½@71c; No. 3 natural, 70@70½c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 46@46½c; standard white, 45@45½c; No. 3 white, 44½@45c; No. 4, 42@44; sample, 39½@40½c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, as to size and quality, 18@18½c; spring chickens, weighing 1½@2 pounds apiece, 20@21c; spring chickens, smaller sizes, 17@18c; old roosters, 12@13c; ducks, old, 14@15c; do, spring, 15@16c; pigeons, old, per pair, 23@25c; do, young, per pair, 18@20c.

Butter — Western solid-packed creamery, fancy, specials, 30c; extra, 27½c; extra firsts, 27c; firsts, 26@26½c; seconds, 24@25c; nearby prints, fancy, 31c; extra, 30c; firsts, 27@29c; seconds, 23@26c; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 34@37c.

Eggs—In free cases, nearby, extras, 25c per dozen; nearby firsts, $6.90 per standard case; nearby current receipts, $6; seconds, $5.10@5.40; Western extra firsts, $6.90; do, firsts, $6; seconds, $5.10@5.40; candled and separated eggs, jobbing at 27@29c per dozen.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—No. 2 red western, 93¾; No. 2 red, 89¾; No. 3 red, 88¼; steamer No. 2 red, 85¾.

Corn—Contract, 68c.

Oats—White—No. 2, 45½c asked; standard, 44¾@45; No. 3, 44¼@44½.

Rye—Western Rye—No. 2, export, 66½@67½c; No. 3, 64@65; No. 4, 63@64. Bag lots nearby, as to quality, new, 62@70c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $17.50@18; standard timothy, $16.50@17; No. 2, timothy, $15.50@16; No. 3, do, $13@14.50; light clover mixed, $15.50@16; No. 1, do, $15@15.50; No. 2, do, $12@13; heavy, do, $13@14; No. 1 clover, $13@13.50; No. 2, do, $9@10.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, old, $19@20; No. 2, do, $18@19; No. 1 tangled, do, $11@12; No. 2, do, $10@11; No. 1 wheat, $8; No. 2, do, $7.50; No. 1 oat, $9@10; No. 2 do, $8@8.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 28; creamery, choice, 26@27; creamery, good, 24@25; creamery, prints, 28@29; creamery, blocks, 27@28; ladles, 21@22; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 20.

Cheese—Jobbing lots, per lb, 17@17½.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 19@20c; Western firsts, 19@20; West Virginia firsts, 19@20; Southern firsts, 18@19. Recrated and rehandled eggs, ½c to 1c higher.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, heavy, 17c; do, small to medium, 17; old roosters and stags, 10@11; spring, large, 18; do, small to medium, 18. Ducks—Old, 12@13c; springs, 3 lbs and over, 14@15; do, smaller, 12@13. Pigeons—Young, per pair, 25c; old, 25.

Live Stock

NEW YORK.—Beeves—Dressed, 12@13½c. Calves—Veals, $8@11; culls, $5.50@6.50; common buttermilks, $5.75; city dressed, 14@17½; country dressed, 13@16½.

COCA COLA HABIT, A GHOST.

We have all heard of ghosts, but none of us have ever seen one. It's the same way with coca cola "fiends;" you can hear about them but you might search for them until doom's day and you would never find one. Physicians who have treated hundreds of thousands of drug-habit cases, including opium, morphine, cocaine, alcohol, etc., say that they have never seen a case where the use of Coca-Cola has so fastened itself upon the individual as to constitute a habit in the true sense of the word. Although millions of glasses of Coca-Cola are drunk every year, no Coca-Cola fiends have ever made themselves visible at the doors of the sanitariums for the treatment of drug habits.

The Coca-Cola habit is analogous to the beefsteak habit and to the strawberry habit and the ice cream habit. People drink Coca-Cola first because they see it advertised and thereafter because it tastes good and refreshes their minds and bodies. They drink it when they can get it and contentedly do without it when they can't get it. If you had ever witnessed the ravings of a real drug fiend when deprived of his drug, if you had ever observed the agony he suffers, you would never again be so unfair as to mention Coca-Cola in the same breath with the "habit-forming" drugs.—Adv.

Alas, That Poor Egg!

"Waiter!" From the table by the window the voice of an elderly gentleman rose in accents wrathful. "Waiter!"

"Yes, sir," replied the much harassed one, hastening forward.

The elderly gentleman, overcome by his emotions, made several vain efforts at articulate utterances. Then:

"Take this egg away!" he roared. "Take it away!"

"Yes, sir," said the waiter obligingly, as he glanced wistfully at the offending article. "And—and what shall I do with it, sir?"

"Do with it?" The outraged customer rose menacingly from his chair. "Do with it?" he bellowed fiercely. "Why, wring its neck!"

Mandy's Gentle Little Hint.

"Mandy," said her mistress, "that beau of yours shouldn't wear white clothes. He is so black it makes him appear all the blacker. Why don't you give him a hint?"

"Lord, Miss Sally, you know somethin'!," said Mandy, with animation. "I dont give him er hint, but he jes natterly ain't got sense ernuff ter take it."

"Perhaps you didn't make it strong enough.

"No'm, thet's right, maybe I didn't. I jes looks at him right hard, an' I says: 'Nigger, you sho do look like a black snake crawlin' out o' cream, you do!'—thet's whut I says ter him, Miss Sally."

Obliging Her.

The sweet young thing was being shown through the Baldwin locomotive works.

"What is that thing?" she asked, pointing with her dainty parasol.

"That," said the guide, "is an engine boiler."

She was an up-to-date young lady and at once became interested. "And why do they boil engines?" she inquired again.

"To make the engine tender," politely replied the resourceful guide.—Pennsylvania Punch Bowl.

IN PAIN WITH HEMORRHOIDS

Bissell, Ala.—"I was troubled for several years with protruding hemorrhoids. They caused pain of the most severe kind and some loss of blood. They were so inflamed that the touch of anything against them was most intense agony. I got no rest nights and had to have my legs and feet propped up in the bed.

"I tried all kinds of advertised cures, and I was told that an operation was the only relief. I suffered untold agony. I saw the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a sample. I tried it and then procured a box of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. I was cured sound and well in three weeks' time. A cake of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment accomplished what all else failed to do." (Signed) L. R. Cook, Nov. 12, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

More Latitude.

"Say, Pete, why don't you leave your church and join mine?"

"What would be the advantage in that?"

"I can swear all I durn please, and you can't."

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE?

Try Hicks' CAPUDINE. It's liquid—pleasant to take—effects immediate—good to prevent Sick Headaches and Nervous Headaches also. Your money back if not satisfied. 10c., 25c. and 50c. at medicine stores. Adv.

It's when riches take unto themselves wings that they feather other people's nests.

Egotism is the root of much tiresome conversation.

Square Meal.

Jones, who is somewhat of a philanthropist, went to his favorite restaurant at noon for lunch.

"Say," he began, addressing the manager, "a poor fellow came to me this morning asking for food, as he said he was starving. I gave him my card and sent him to your restaurant and told him to get a good, square meal and I would pay for it. How much is the bill?"

"Fifty-five cents, sir."

"What did the poor man have?"

"Nine beers and a cigar."

Too Much Ball.

"Why did you move away from Chicago?"

"The doctor advised my husband to move to some town with only one team to worry about."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Adv

The religion that makes a man take his coat off isn't the kind he makes a cloak of.

Many a girl might be proud of her ankles if it wasn't for her feet.

IT'S HARD TO WORK

It's torture to work with a lame, aching back. Get rid of it. Attack the cause. Probably it's weak kidneys.

Heavy or confining work is hard on the kidneys, anyway, and once the kidneys become inflamed and congested, the trouble keeps getting worse.

The danger of running into gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease is serious. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, a fine remedy for backache or bad kidneys.

A New Jersey Case

Louis Henry, 626 Grove St., Jersey City, N. J., says: "I suffered almost everything from broken down kidneys. My back was stiff and pained terribly. I was all run down. Doan's Kidney Pills gave my kidneys new life and a few boxes cured me completely."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

For the Toilet

Glenn's Sulphur Soap

To keep the hands white, the head free from dandruff and the complexion clear. It

Beautifies

(All Druggists.)

Contains 30% Pure Sulphur.

Kill's Hair & Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c

Relief from Backaches!

Sure and speedy relief from your suffering within 24 hours—and permanent relief, too—when you take

WELLS REMEDY Famous Backache

This standard cure has been successfully used for more than 30 years. Thousands of voluntary letters praising its benefits have been received. A bottle should be kept always in every household. No harmful drugs or opiates. Not obtainable anywhere except from maker. This is to avoid substitution and protect you. Sent prepaid on receipt of price, $1 per bottle. Write for free particulars

Wells Remedy Co., Baltimore, Md.
Sole proprietor and distributor

FOR OLD AND YOUNG

Tutt's Liver Pills act as kindly on the child, the delicate female or infirm old age, as upon the vigorous man.

Tutt's Pills

give tone and strength to the weak stomach, bowels, kidneys and bladder.

DR. GIVENS' SANITARIUM

FOR NERVOUS DISEASES

is located at Stamford, Conn., on a hill overlooking Long Island Sound, and is 38 miles from New York City; a separate cottage is provided for persons desiring treatment for drugs and stimulants. Write for information. Dr. A. J. GIVENS, Stamford, Conn.

Terre Haute VETERINARY COLLEGE

U.S. ACCREDITED SCHOOL — ESTD. FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOG

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves weak, inflamed eyes. Sold everywhere 25c. Booklet free.

JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N.Y.

WINTER WHEAT Famous Genesee Red, heavy yielder; from Steuben County seed farms; prize, N.Y. State Fair. For price, address STRUBEN SEED COMPANY, Wayland, N. Y.

HELP Sell "Glasstick Labels." Make $2 to $4 daily. Every housewife wants them for labeling preserves. Don't delay; agent's sample, 10c. SPECIALTY SUPPLY COMPANY, Lansing, Mich.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

COONHOUNDS AND NIGHT HUNTING DOGS — thoroughly trained; free trial. Catalogue, 100 pages, illus., cloth bound, 20c. Southern Farm Coonhound Kennels, Selmer, Tenn.

"Has Your Baby Colic?"

You can cure it in ten minutes with

DR. FAHRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP

Which makes happy babies. A sure remedy for all infant complaints. Prevents Cholera Infantum. Cures bowel troubles. Babies like it because it is pleasant to take. Mothers should not be without it. Can be given to babies one day old. 25 cents, at all druggists. Trial bottle free if you mention this paper.

Made only by DRS. D. FAHRNEY & SON, Hagerstown, Md.

CLEAN YOUR SOILED WALLS—Save Redecorating Cost

WAL-CAL-INE *"Cleans walls without streaking."*

Cleans like an eraser, magically, without litter or disorder. Costs cents—saves dollars. Removes smoke, soot and dirt from Wall paper, Calcimine, Shades, Water-color Surfaces. Makes them clean as new. 25c, 40c, 75c and $1.75 sizes. The size dry-cleans and disinfects one to two rooms. Thousands use and recommend it. Send for a can of Wal-Cal-Ine today

WAL-CAL-INE CO., 134 Front Street, New York

Shipped Postpaid by Parcels Post Anywhere

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1913

BLAMING THE FARMERS.

Chicago Butcher Predicts That in Two Years Meat Will Become a Luxury.

Whenever the prices take a notion to soar it comes easy to blame the farmers. They are accused of refusing to produce enough to insure lower cost of the necessaries of life. Now a master butcher of Chicago comes forward and explains the situation. He declares that within ten years the American people will scarcely know the taste of meat, because the American farmers are letting the supply of live stock dwindle to such an extent that soon we will have no cattle. Meat sales, he says, have dropped off from 35 to 50 per cent during the last three years, and by 1923 the consumption of meat will be a luxury enjoyed by the very few.

One reason why the farmers have ceased raising live stock is because of the scarcity of feed. Even with top-notch prices for meat it does not pay to raise cattle. That is the reason the farmers sell calves for veal. They cannot afford to let them grow into beef cattle.

This is a unique situation for this rich and prosperous Nation. The people are consuming their substance and taking no step toward replenishing the supply. Unless a change is brought about, the problem of subsistence may become serious. The solution lies in greater production, and instead of blaming one class as being responsible for scarcity, it behooves the people of the Nation to begin providing themselves with enough to eat at reasonable cost. The question is how to make the start.

LOCALS.

Miss Helen Luse is spending a week at Laureiton, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Powell.

Mrs. C. F. Emery on Tuesday went to Mifflinburg, and before returning home will also visit friends in Milton.

Miss Ruth Smith of Spring Mills was a guest of Mrs. John D. Lucas in Centre Hall the latter part of last week.

Mrs. (Dr.) G. H. Widder and son George of Harrisburg are at the Arney home for a week, having come to town last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meyer, and Mrs. Kate Conley accompanied Mrs. I. V. Musser to her home in Mifflinburg the latter part of last week, and remained over Sunday.

Former Commissioner Calvin Weaver of Coburn was in Centre Hall on Tuesday. He sells aluminum ware and finds the goods ready sale when the kitchen is not already supplied.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin H. Stover, of Altoona, have announced the marriage of their daughter, Helen S., to Howard Elwin Stewart. The family for many years lived on the John Rishel farm near Axe Mann.

Today (Thursday) the Lutherans are holding their annual picnic on Grange Park, and next Thursday (14th) the members of the United Evangelical congregations comprising the Penns Valley charge will hold their picnic.

Rebersburg lodge, No. 1031, I. O. O. F., will hold a picnic and festival in Smull's grove one-half mile west of Rebersburg on Saturday, August 23rd. A prominent speaker from the Sunbury orphan's home will be present to deliver an address.

Miss Pearl Karels of Freeport, Illinois, is a guest of Prof. P. H. and Mrs. Meyer in Centre Hall. Their acquaintance was formed when the Meyer family lived in Boalsburg, at which time Miss Karels was a little tot and lived there with her parents.

Mrs. Charles H. Hart and daughter, Miss Lulu, of Pittsburg are at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Kerlin in Centre Hall. Mr. Hart is a dealer in musical instruments and on account of business could not accompany his wife and daughter. He was formerly a resident of Bellefonte.

The seating in Grange Arcadia will be improved before the opening of the lecture course. The material is already on hand, and the work will be completed early. On the north side of the main aisle two more seats will be added in each row, and the last ten rows of seats in the rear of the hall will be elevated, so that there will be a gradual raise. This will be a decided improvement, and will add materially to the seating capacity, which under the new arrangement will be over four hundred.

A large barn owned by R. D. Campbell near Belleville was destroyed by fire last week. A thrashing machine was in operation, and it is supposed the stack was fired by an overheated journal. The men in the barn and on the stack at once saw it, but it was useless to try to save the barn, and gave their efforts to removing the stock and implements from the ground floor, and this was successfully done. The thrashing machine was burned. A crop of almost 800 bushels of wheat had been thrashed, and this with all the hay was burned. There was an insurance of $1100 on the barn, but nothing on the crops.

Huntingdon Wets Hopeful.

In a special session of court in Huntingdon attorneys for the "wets" appeared and demanded a rehearing of liquor license applications, on the grounds that President Judge J. M. Woods of Lewistown exceeded his authority in filing an individual opinion refusing the licenses which opinion was not signed by the associate judge.

With the appointment of A. L. Couch as associate judge last week to fill the vacancy on the bench created by the death of Judge W. E. Lightner, rumors went the rounds that there now would be hope of the liquor cases being reopened.

Horner-Rockey.

At the Reformed parsonage, on Friday of last week, Fred Horner, and Margretta C. Rockey, were united in marriage, by the bride's pastor, Rev. R. R. Jones. Both are residents of the south side of Potter township, and are well and favorably known to a large circle of young people.

Harris Township.

Mrs. Joseph Albright is visiting at Hunters Park.

Miss Olive Decker of Altoona is visiting at the home of W. H. Brouse.

Miss Marjory Rothrock is home from Williamsport for a vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Dale spent last Thursday at Pine Grove Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Grove of Pine Grove Mills, spent Saturday at Boalsburg.

Levi Roan and family from near State College spent Sunday at Boalsburg.

Miss Helen Riley departed on Saturday for a visit to Sinking Valley and Altoona.

Miss Grace Stover of Centre Hall visited at the Elmer Ishler home over Sunday.

All are invited to the Sunday-school picnic on Saturday to be held in McFarland's grove.

Mrs. W. B. Young attended the funeral of Mrs. Rebecca Smith at Millheim on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Gilliland with their little son of State College spent Sunday at Boalsburg.

Miss Miriam Roeder of Glen Rock is visiting with her friend Miss Margaretta Goheen.

Mrs. Edward Sellers of Lewisburg visited with friends in this place. She was the guest of Mrs. E. M. Kuhn.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Meyer and son Robert of Centre Hall spent Sunday afternoon at Boalsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Clement Dale of Houserville, and John Dale of State College spent Sunday at Boalsburg.

Rachel and Samuel Mothersbaugh of Williamsport are visiting with their grandparents at Boalsburg.

Mrs. Martha Keller of Philadelphia joined with the visitors at the home of Miss Sallie Keller from Saturday until Tuesday.

Miss Ruth Kuhn of Williamsport arrived on Saturday for a visit at the home of her grandfather, Alexander Kuhn.

Kleckner Reish and son Melvin of Altoona spent a few days with his sisters Misses Mary Reish and Nora Miller.

Miss Gladys Gettig of Braddock is having an enjoyable time at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Harry Ishler.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant McKirk of Lewistown and Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Mayes of Milton enjoyed an auto ride to Boalsburg on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Dale, Mrs. Henry Dale and daughter Miss Anna, and Miss Lillie Dale, attended the Dale reunion on Saturday.

Miss Bertha Hoover of Clearfield with her niece Miss Grace Tauhelm of Altoona are visitors at the William Hoover home at Shingletown.

Mrs. Lizzie Passmore of Harrisburg arrived at Boalsburg on Monday. She expects to spend some time with relatives and associates in Centre county.

Elmer Houtz and daughter, Miss Martha, Mrs. Edward Cunningham, and Mrs. John Charles enjoyed an auto ride to Snyder county, going on Saturday and returning Tuesday.

Mrs. John Kline of Centre Mills, her daughter Mrs. Annie Kahn, and granddaughter Miss Nellie Kahn of Altoona, spent a few days with friends in Boalsburg and vicinity.

Mrs. Annie Noll of Linden Hall and daughter, Mrs. Alpheus Wolf of Camden, N. J., and Mrs. John Dunn and son of Glouster City, visited at the William Stover home last Thursday.

Miss May Waring of Tyrone, Mrs. Katharine Krape, and her niece, Mrs. Katharine Kemmerer, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stoner, and Mr. and Mrs. George Resides of State College, and Albert S. Allen of Centre Hill were relatives from a distance who attended the funeral of Mrs. D. C. Hess on Monday.

Although the appropriation for public school purposes remains $15,000,000 for two years, the same as heretofore, sums received by most country districts will be reduced to a greater or less extent. This will be due to the fact that the addition of every high school in the state, the increase in population in the centers of industry, etc., take from the country districts, where there is no increase in these lines.

Inspired Patriotism.

The late Senator Hoar was once importuned to lend his influence in behalf of a chronic office seeker. It was not a difficult matter to gratify the applicant's ambition by securing for him a place as consul at a Guianian port, which was not considered a highly desirable office. The newly appointed official had served but a short time, however, when his wife, unable to withstand the malignant climate, sickened and died. Disheartened and discouraged, he resigned his post and returned home.

Some years later the senator was mildly surprised at being again approached by the ex-consul, who asked for reappointment to his old berth. "Perhaps I can do something for you," said Mr. Hoar; "but, considering your tragic experience there, your request seems a little strange."

"I know," explained the aspirant, a trifle ruefully, "but, you see, senator, I'm married again."—Judge.

The Uses of Talc.

Talc, derived from soapstone found in various quarters of the world and in many states of our Union, is as a general thing marketed as rough from the mine. It is sawed into slabs, from which are manufactured various objects, or it is ground into powder. A great deal of the ground talc is employed in the manufacture of paper. It also enters into the making of molded rubber forms and foundry facings and paints, but the form in which it is most familiar is the toilet powder. Not only is talcum dusted into gloves and shoes to obviate friction, but it is also blown into conduits to ease the introduction of electric wires or other conductors. Soapstone is largely employed in the manufacture of laundry tubs and similar articles. The very best grades of talc free from flaws, are sawed up to make pencils or crayons. Gas tips are also made from talc.—Harper's.

An Artist's Slip.

Sir John Gilbert was once commissioned to illustrate a short story for a London weekly. When he had finished the work the editor remarked, "Why, Sir John, the story says an escort of infantry soldiers, and here on the block you have given us mounted ones." "Dear me, so I have," responded the artist, "but I haven't time to do another drawing now. Can't you make an alteration in the story to make it fit in?" The copy was handed to a subordinate to make the requisite alterations, but that gentleman forgot to edit the chapter describing how the soldiers had gained the summit of a steep mountain, parts of which they were obliged to scale with ladders. Horses could not have been got there unless by the assistance of a crane. Afterward shoals of letters from subscribers wished to know how the cavalry got there.

The Golfer's Wager.

A man who knows baseball, but never played golf, was talking to a professional golfer and remarked that the latter's pet game was at best only a piddling sort of affair.

"Well," said the golfer, "I'll wager you that I can play around this eighteen hole course in fewer strokes than you can throw the ball, and you need not bother to put it in the cups, but throw as far as you can every time."

Instantly the bet was made, and then the baseball enthusiast began to figure. The golfer could do the course in seventy-two strokes. To equal that the other would have to make seventy-two throws of an average length of 250 feet, the course being 6,000 yards. For an ordinary man this would be an impossible task.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Applause and the Stage.

In the Konzert Taschenbuch is an article by Felix Weingarner on "Applause," in which the director says: "The relation between the public and the artist rests on what is rendered by both. The artist gives his strength, his knowledge and the fruit of his life's work. The public can give nothing but its recognition. As the individual has not opportunity to speak his approval, the logical way to show it is by applause." The writer says that he has never known a case where this form of satisfaction on the part of an audience has failed to please, all declarations on the part of modest stage folk to the contrary notwithstanding. Beethoven resented silence, and Wagner "loved applause."

Teeth of the Sperm Whale.

Instead of having plates of baleen the square nosed sperm whale carries a row of twenty to twenty-five heavy teeth on each side of the lower jaw. These fit into sockets in the roof of the mouth and assist in holding the giant squid and cuttlefish on which the enormous animal feeds. The squid seldom gets away from the warm currents; hence the sperm usually remains in the tropics.

How to Look Young.

She—I sent a dollar to a young woman for a recipe to make me look young.

He—What did you get?

She—A card saying, "Always associate with women twenty years older than yourself."

Never.

She—We women are all misunderstood. He—Well, you never saw one who tried to make herself plain, did you?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

No. Indeed.

Sillicus—Do you believe any man is rich enough to do absolutely as he pleases? Cynicus—Not if he's married.—Philadelphia Record.

A coward never forgave. It is not his nature.—French Proverb.

Centre Reporter, $1 00 a year.

Do You Have A Daughter?

Would you like your daughter to study domestic science, vocal music and drawing, and at the same time fit herself to teach? Do you know that if she is over seventeen years of age she is entitled to $60.00 from the State to pay her tuition in a Normal School? Do you know that when she graduates she will receive from $60 00 to $75 00 per month as a teacher? Why not send her to the Lock Haven State Normal School next fall? Good board, furnished room, washing, electric light, steam heat, etc., at a rate cheaper than you can furnish it at your own home. Send for particulars and illustrated catalog to Dr. George P. Singer, Principal, Lock Haven, Pa.

Let me find a purchaser for that

REAL ESTATE

you have for sale.

I can bring it to the attention of good prospective purchasers and effect a good sale.

CHAS. D. BARTHOLOMEW,
Real Estate Agent
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Come to the NEW STORE

You will find us ready to do business in our new store in the "Reporter" building.

Besides the famous **Red Cross Stoves and Ranges** which we advertised for some weeks, we also have a good line of **HARDWARE**, and especially a full line of

Garden Tools and Nails

We have nails in every size and you will find our prices right.

Roofing and Spouting
and all kinds of Repair Work.

If you cannot come, call us on either 'phone: Bell or Commercial

T. L. SMITH
CENTRE HALL

Good Things For Hot Weather and Picnics

Grape Nuts
Kellogs Biscuit
Cream of Wheat
Shredded Wheat
Puffed Wheat
Puffed Rice
Crushed Oats
Post Toasties
Beef—Chipped, any amount you want.
Salmon—Red and Pink
Evaporated Milk
Honey
Heinz Peanut Butter
" Sweet and Sour Pickles
" Mixed Pickles
" Baked Beans
" Pork and Beans
" White Vinegar

Call and see if getting ready for Camping or Picnic.

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Niagara Falls

Personally-Conducted Excursions

August 8, 22, September 5, 19, October 3, 1913

LIKE A TRIP ABROAD

Round $7.50 Trip

from CENTRE HALL.

SPECIAL TRAIN of Pullman Parlor Cars Dining Car, and Day Coaches, running via the

Picturesque Susquehanna Valley Route

Tickets good going on Special Train and connecting trains, and good returning on regular trains within FIFTEEN DAYS. Stop off at Buffalo within limit allowed returning.

Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agent or David Todd, Division Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

Pennsylvania R. R.

SPECIAL!

In addition to the numerous bargains in ALL departments of our store, we offer the public through the remaining days of our sale.

SPECIAL OVERCOAT BARGAINS

We find that we have about 150 Overcoats and Raincoats for men and boys. They are made of fashionable fabrics and styles but have only one or two of a kind and they are broken sizes. Therefore we give to those who are wise enough to take advantage such bargains in Overcoats and Raincoats that they cannot resist the temptation to buy when they see them.

We have some

$15.00 to $25.00 COATS

which we will sell at from

$5.00 to $10.00

If you will need a coat for the coming season it will pay you to take advantage so long as your size is here.

Come around and let us show you.

Kessler's
Department Store, Millheim

Muslin and Gauze Underwear
for Men, Women and Children.

Ready-to-wear Dresses for Children
at .50, .75, $1.00, $1.35, each.

LACES and EMBROIDERY,
all kinds and prices.

HOSIERY—TAN and BLACK,
in Silk and Cotton.

Men's Dress Shoes, Tan and Black,
Oxfords and high cuts.

Everything in Groceries at lowest prices.

Give me a call.

C. F. EMERY, Centre Hall

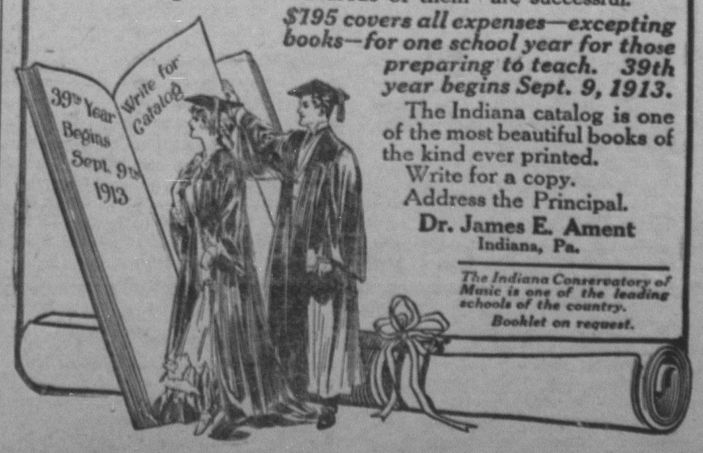
You Can Succeed In Life

The world calls for trained workers and offers them great rewards. If you aim to attain the higher places in teaching, secure the advantage of a thorough, practical course at this famous school, the

Pennsylvania State Normal School
of Indiana, Pa.

The daily life at Indiana is healthful. Sports and social recreation are encouraged. The development of character and of physical strength and health is an important factor in school life. Indiana graduates—hundreds of them—are successful.

$195 covers all expenses—excepting books—for one school year for those preparing to teach. 39th year begins Sept. 9, 1913.



The Indiana catalog is one of the most beautiful books of the kind ever printed.

Write for a copy.

Address the Principal.

Dr. James E. Ament
Indiana, Pa.

The Indiana Conservatory of Music is one of the leading schools of the country.
Booklet on request.

Steady advertising will develop any business. Try the columns of the Reporter and watch results.